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weekend edition

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VOL. IV NO. 119

## Blumenthal here Friday for joint commission talks

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 (SPA) — U.S. Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal arrives here Friday for the fourth session of the Saudi-American Joint Commission on Technical and Economic Cooperation.

The Saudi side will be led by Minister of Finance and National Economy Sheikh Muhammad Abu Al-Khalil.

A U.S. embassy spokesman said here Wednesday that Blumenthal will discuss with Saudi officials the state of the world economy.

He said that the official will brief Crown Prince Fahd on the present situation of the dollar and on measures taken by the U.S. government to halt the dollar's slide.

He added that Blumenthal will deal in his talks with means of fostering bilateral

cooperation in several areas, including energy.

Meanwhile it was learnt that the commission will take up the various aspects of bilateral cooperation in agriculture, vocational training, communications and transport, solar energy and consumer protection.

Three joint cooperation agreements are likely to be signed.

Earlier Tuesday, Blumenthal said during his Middle East tour he will urge oil-exporting countries to use "extreme moderation" when they consider a 1979 increase in oil prices.

Blumenthal said the price of oil will be a major topic on his tour, which begins Thursday. He will spend three days in Saudi Arabia, from Friday to Sunday, and also will visit Iran, Kuwait and Abu Dhabi.

Blumenthal's trip will come just a few weeks before members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries meet in Abu Dhabi on Dec. 16 to consider a hike in oil prices.

In a related development Saudi Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani told a French television audience that future increases in oil prices "should be carried out gradually so as not to disrupt the world economy."

The oil price increases "are in the long run in the interests of the consumers as they encourage the development of other energy sources," Yamani said.

In response to Yamani's comments, French Industry Minister Andre Giraud said that Western nations have not yet recovered from the 1973-1974 price rises and that any future increase would be "a serious blow" to the Western economies.

Sheikh Ahmad's views were echoed by Venezuelan Energy Minister Valentin Hernandez when he said Tuesday (Continued on back page)



SUDAN MISSION: Crown Prince Fahd at his meeting Wednesday with the Sudanese Hajj delegation.

## Fahd meets Hajj delegations

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd Wednesday received a number of heads of pilgrimage delegations.

He received Philippines Ambassador to Saudi Arabia Lin-

ding Pangandaman and the Philippine pilgrimage mission, Dr. Yusuf Al-Khalifa. Sudanese religious affairs and Waqfs undersecretary and head of the Sudanese pilgrimage mission, along with the Sudanese ambassador to Saudi Arabia, and Khondakar Muhammad Ubaidur-Rahman, Bangladeshi minister of fisheries and head of (Continued on back page)

## Oil industry picking up

## Relative calm returns to Iran

TEHRAN, Nov. 15 (Agencies) — Anti-Shah protests waned Wednesday as Iran's oil industry geared up in the wake of a crippling 15-day strike that cost the economy \$750 million in lost crude oil exports.

Peaceful protests marches to the Shah were reported in Isfahan, Mashhad and Gorgan, by the government.

In Mashhad, a holy city 800 kilometers from Tehran, about 500 women in Chadors — ankle length black robes — marched to Ayatullah Gholi's house to express their solidarity with other religious leaders in their opposition to the Shah. At nearby Ferdowsi University, teachers and students ended a sit-in strike, raising the possibility the university may reopen soon. It has been closed down for weeks due to students using the campus as a staging area

for anti-Shah demonstrations. A sit-in protest also ended at the town of Gorgan's justice department building following a march by several thousand persons. Gorgan is 350 kilometers northwest of here.

There were no other significant anti-government demonstrations reported. It was in sharp contrast to violent clashes between youths and security forces in various provincial towns and cities in the past four days in which 20 persons were killed and scores injured.

The oil industry strike officially ended early Tuesday. But reliable sources in the oilfield areas reported there was "some reluctance on the part of many workers to work, by keeping their hands in their pockets."

Production which had risen to 3.3 million barrels the first day the strike was over, drop-

ped by a 100,000 barrels Wednesday, oil industry sources said.

"This was not due to lack of hands but getting the equipment and the wells back into shape. We're getting enough guys to start back up," an oil industry source from Ahwaz, town in the heart of the Kuzestan oil fields, said.

Other independent sources said that production at three of four offshore oil fields "was back to normal with a trickle coming from the fourth."

Operations at the Abadan oil refinery were almost running at full capacity. Officials reported that 470,000 barrels had been refined in the world's biggest complex capable of processing over half a million barrels daily.

Four supertankers were at the jetty at Kharg Island terminal in the Gulf loading up with 39 more ships at Anchor waiting their turn, the National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC) said.

But all signs pointed to a gradual return of normal production in the second largest oil exporting country in the world.

Reports from the giant Kuzestan oil field said several workers clashed briefly among themselves over whether to work or not. Police quickly maintained order.

The walkout formally ended after the strikers received assurances from the Shah through officials that he would meet their political demands of ending martial law, release all political prisoners and replace foreigners holding down positions in the oil industry with Iranians capable of filling these jobs.

Teheran, the capital was noticeably quiet. Many of the 200 tanks and 100,000 soldiers who (Continued on back page)

## Numeiri warns:

## Addis attack on Sudan tantamount to suicide

BEIRUT, Nov. 15 (AP) — Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri says an Ethiopian attack on his country would be tantamount to suicide, even if Soviet and Cuban forces supported the onslaught.

"Such an attack will be suicide for Ethiopia's current regime. The United States shares my view," said Numeiri in an interview published by the Paris-based Arabic language independent magazine "Al Moustakbal."

The president of the largest African country did not elaborate on his reference to the United States in the context of a possible Ethiopian-Sudanese military confrontation.

Sudan is known to be a main supply base for Eritrean guerrillas. There have been frequent reports of Ethiopian troop forays across the Sudanese frontier in the current Ethiopian offensive to crush the 16-year-old Eritrean revolt.

Two Eritrean rebel factions have lately claimed that Soviet experts and large numbers of Cuban troops were actively supporting the Ethiopian offensive.

"Sudan is not a small country that can be overrun in 24 hours," Numeiri said. "We possess the ability to repel any suicidal Ethiopian operations even if the Soviets and Cubans backed the Ethiopians."

Another independent Beirut publication, the daily "An Nahar," quoted Arab diplomatic sources as saying Egypt was

preparing to send military reinforcements to help Sudan overcome a possible Communist coup.

It said the "imminent" move would be taken within the framework of a mutual defense treaty between the two countries.

"An Nahar" said Egypt was worried by "intelligence reports" it received that the Communists within the Sudanese armed forces were preparing to seize power, "counting on Cuban troop landings from the air from Ethiopia once the coup attempt starts."

## Details not disclosed

## Carter, Hassan conclude talks

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 (AP) — President Jimmy Carter and King Hassan of Morocco wound up two days of meetings at the White House Wednesday.

The king, who arrived at the White House 30 minutes late, spent slightly more than an hour with Carter.

Neither man spoke with reporters at the end of the meeting. Carter and Hassan left the Oval Office together and the president walked the king to a waiting limousine.

After his meeting with Carter, Hassan was scheduled to address a National Press Club luncheon, the last public event of his two-day state visit here. Hassan begins a 13-day private tour of the United States Thursday.

Under an agreement with Spain, Morocco assumed ad-

ministrative control in 1975 over two-thirds of Western Sahara. The remaining one-third went to Mauritania.

Morocco has a long-time claim to the mineral-rich area but a local guerrilla group, the Polisario Front, has been battling the Moroccan army in an effort to establish an independent state. France has sent jet fighters on bombing missions against the guerrillas from time to time.

Hassan has said Morocco, under military agreements with the United States, is authorized to use American weapons against the guerrillas but Washington disputes this claim. Hassan also has said he would welcome a U.S. mediation effort.

Informants say Hassan may try to win American backing for his cause during his visit

ISMAILIA. Egypt, Nov. 15 (Agencies) — President Anwar Sadat declared Wednesday the peace talks with Israel are in a "serious crisis" and raised the possibility of a suspension to allow the parties to reconsider their positions.

At the same time, informed Egyptian sources said, Cairo has formulated new proposals designed to avoid a total deadlock while upholding Egypt's key demands.

The proposals, it was understood, would be explained to President Jimmy Carter by Egyptian Vice President Hosni Mubarak, who is on his way to Washington.

Only a broad outline of the proposals could be obtained here. Basically, they seek to deal with the Gaza Strip after a peace treaty with Israel is signed, leaving the problem of the West Bank to a subsequent stage.

Sadat, while warning of a possible interruption of the peace talks, carefully avoided saying he was recalling his delegation home.

Speaking to university professors and students in this Suez Canal town, Sadat said "we have gone a long way at the Washington talks and have achieved 90 percent of the road."

"Now we are at a serious crisis, and if we can avoid it in order to achieve the remaining 10 percent by suspending the talks for a while to allow the parties to think again and then resume, so be it," Sadat said.

Informed sources in Cairo said "the word crisis can be underlined. It is very real."

The new proposals were thrashed out during meetings between Sadat and his top advisers here over the past few days. There was some confusion in Western diplomatic circles as to their nature.

As late as Tuesday night, sources said, the U.S. Embassy in Cairo was receiving questions from the State Department as to what the Egyptian demands meant. Word of the new approach leaked out of a meeting Sadat held Tuesday with local officials of his political party here.

There was particular confusion over a report that Sadat was demanding the "return" of the Gaza Strip, where almost half a million Palestinians live. Egypt administered the territory from 1948 to 1967, when it was occupied by Israel.

The sticking point at the Washington talks has been Sadat's demand that an Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty be linked with progress on solving

the West Bank and Gaza Strip questions.

Because of Israel's rejection of Egyptian demands thus far, the sources said, Sadat was now trying to deal with Gaza first. Specifically, the sources added, he was after language in the treaty or a related exchange of letters that would pin down the Israelis to specific steps in Gaza.

"It's less emotional for them than the West Bank, and we after all had a direct role there in the past," one source said. "It would be easier to implement steps in Gaza than in the West Bank."

But the sources emphasized, as did Sadat in his address, that Egypt was after a comprehensive settlement which would involve the West Bank as well. Under the Camp David agreements, Palestinians in

both territories are to be granted autonomy within five years.

By splitting up the two issues, at least temporarily, Sadat would head off renewed criticism of a selfout from Arab critics while obtaining the peace treaty.

"There are various degrees of exposure," said one source, referring to "attacks" on Sadat. Sadat "has blasted Arab leader... have condemned his peace moves."

In Jerusalem the Israeli cabinet Wednesday broke off its debate on the peace treaty talks to await details of the Egyptian demands being tabled in Washington.

Reports from Cairo of a new Egyptian position threw the cabinet into some confusion.

Officials said they had no (Continued on back page)

## Attacks Camp David

## Assad vows to seek just peace in M.E.

DAMASCUS, Nov. 15 (AP) — Syrian President Hafez Assad said Wednesday his country "will not allow any chance for peace in the Middle East until it is achieved."

In a new attack against the Camp David agreements, Assad vowed that "Syria and the Arab countries will save the Egyptian people from the shameful position to which it has been dragged."

"Zionism and American imperialism thought that the Egyptian regime could easily drag the Arab nation to follow

this path...but this path leads nowhere but to the swamp of surrender and defeat," Assad said in a speech before the annual Syrian Trade Union Congress.

Assad said the whole Arab nation rejected the "path of surrender" being followed by President Anwar Sadat of Egypt, during last month's Arab summit conference in Baghdad.

The Zionists, American imperialists and President Sadat "can sign any agreements they want, bilateral or otherwise, but such agreements will not bring peace to the Middle East because peace cannot be es-

(Continued on back page)

## New Beirut clashes threaten ceasefire

BEIRUT, Nov. 15 (Agencies) — Mortars and machineguns went into action Wednesday in one of the most sustained outbreaks of fighting in this capital since Lebanon's latest ceasefire took effect on Oct. 7.

Eyewitnesses said the fighting, which began Tuesday night and continued through the night and into the morning, was centered on Beirut's devastated commercial district — a major combat zone during the 1975-76 civil war.

A column of smoke rose from a burning building in the adjacent port area early Wednesday.

State-controlled Beirut radio said later that the fighting in the commercial district had stopped following active contacts by security authorities with the warring factions.

Overnight fighting on other traditional combat zones had stopped earlier Wednesday, the broadcast said.

The Beirut police department reported six Lebanese were killed and 18 wounded in the latest flare-up.

The government of President

Elias Sarkis held a cabinet session later in the day to study a security plan designed to defuse Syrian-rightist tensions and rescue the current ceasefire.

Deputy Prime Minister Fuad Butros told reporters that proposed amendments and a timetable for enforcing the plan were discussed.

Another meeting was planned before final agreement was likely. Details of the security proposals have not been revealed.

According to reliable sources, the fresh violence in the commercial district pitted rightist militiamen against a combination of Lebanese leftists, Syrian-controlled units of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) and Syrian troops of the Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) in Lebanon.

The involvement of Lebanese leftists and PLA troops raised fears of a return to the civil war in which the rightists fought an alliance of Lebanese leftists and Palestinian commandos.

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## Fahd thanks ministry for successful Hajj

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd Wednesday thanked the Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments for its efforts in the service of the pilgrims.

In a cable to the minister, Sheikh Abdul Wahhab Abdul Wasi, the prince also thanked all leaders of pilgrimage missions for their contributions.

**Missions**  
Sheikh Abdul Wahhab received a number of leaders of these missions Wednesday, including Sheikh Abdul Sattar Al-Sayid, the Syrian minister of endowments and Dr. Ahmad Abdul Sattar Al-Jawari, his Iraqi counterpart.

Earlier, Sheikh Abdul Wahhab had visited Dr. Jawari at

his lodgings for talks on religious affairs.

Sheikh Abdul Wahhab also received Egyptian former Prime Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Hejazi, the leader of the Bangladeshi mission accompanied by the Bangladeshi ambassador and the leader of the Indian mission with the Indian ambassador.

Sheikh Muhammad Muhammad Al-Mansour, minister of endowments and guidance in North Yemen and leader of that country's mission also called on the minister.

The visitors expressed appreciation of the efficient handling of this year's pilgrimage.

## Electricity board to spend SR 1.9b by end of Plan

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — The General Electricity Organization is to spend SR 1.9 billion before the end of the Five-year Plan to provide electricity to nine-tenths of the Kingdom, according to "Al-Riyadh" newspaper Wednesday.

The funds are allocated for central power plants similar to those being built in Asir, Bahah, Qasim and Jizan, crash illumination programs and lighting of pilgrims highways.

Also Wednesday, "Okaz" reported that a British expert has been retained to advise the Jeddah Municipality on the use of colored lights in fountains and parks. The lights will be imported from France.

**Naif thanks forces**  
MECCA, Nov. 15 (SPA) — Minister of Interior Prince Naif Wednesday gave a dinner at the Zaher gardens here in honor of the Public Security forces and supporting units deployed during the pilgrimage.

The dinner was attended by Governor of Mecca Prince Fawaz, Deputy Minister of Interior Prince Ahmad, Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsen and Public Security Chief Gen. Faysal Al-Awfi.

Prince Naif thanked the forces' representatives for their work and told them that they had been specially commended by King Khaled, Crown Prince Fahd and various Saudis and foreign pilgrims.

Such appreciation should act as a spur to further efficiency next year and at succeeding pilgrimages, he said.



HAJJ LEADER: Crown Prince Fahd Wednesday received Lt. Gen. Salahuddin Attiah, head of the delegation of pilgrims sent this year from the Egyptian armed forces.

## In north Hejaz

### Iron ore deposit set at 300m tons

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — Deposits of iron ore at Wadi Sawan in the northern Hejaz have been assessed at 300 million tons, "Okaz" reported Wednesday.

## Parents waive compensation

TAIF, Nov. 15 — A driver detained by police here after being involved in an accident that killed an 11-year-old school boy, was released this week when the parents of the boy, Fahd Ahmad Al-Ghamidi waived any claims for compensation and requested the driver's immediate release.

A driver cannot be released until claims are satisfied and in the event of fatal casualties, these are very seldom waived, "Al-Medina" reported Wednesday.

An industry is to be set up to exploit the deposits in the area, the paper quoted the Ministry of Petroleum and Mineral Reserves as saying.

Other firms are prospecting for copper, zinc, gold and silver in Nuqrah, some 200 kilometers north-east of Medina, the paper said.

Exploration has been carried out by the British Steel Corporation, which has prepared geological maps of the area, tested samples and assessed the

A Canadian firm is prospecting under license for copper, a British concern for gold and a Swedish group for phosphates, the paper added.

## Under SR671 m deal Jeddah to get ship-repair yard

By Staff Reporters  
JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — Jeddah port is to have a two-dock ship-repair yard under a SR671 million contract signed here just before the pilgrimage.

Dr. Faysal Badr, chairman of the Saudi Ports Authority signed the contract on Nov. 5 with SAPECO, a consortium of Saudi-Tarmac Ltd. of Jeddah and Navelink S.A. of Switzerland, according to Saudi-Tarmac, a joint venture owned 56 per cent by Saudi nationals and the remainder by the British-based company Tarmac International Ltd.

**Floating**  
Completion is due in 1981 and the contract covers the design, construction and management of two floating docks for ships of up to 45,000 and 16,000 deadweight tons, repair yard facilities and housing for 700 staff and workers.

SAPECO, will also train the managerial and other staff for the completed yard, which will be large enough to service 80% of the ships passing through Jeddah.

The contract follows a feasibility study prepared by the consortium in collaboration with Morgan Grenfell, the London merchant bank.

The consortium was formed in Sept. 1977 to carry out the study.

## Saudi experts to attend Arab technical seminars

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — Saudi Arabia will attend four technical and industrial conferences in Arab countries this year, "Al-Riyadh" newspaper reported Wednesday.

Navelink is part of the Lisnave Group, based in Portugal, and will handle all the water work. Tarmac will be responsible for the shore-based work, civil engineering and accommodation.

a meeting of experts on the extraction of proteins from petroleum, to be held by OAPEC in Kuwait early next year and the Arab Conference on Energy in Abu Dhabi next March.

## Region to have

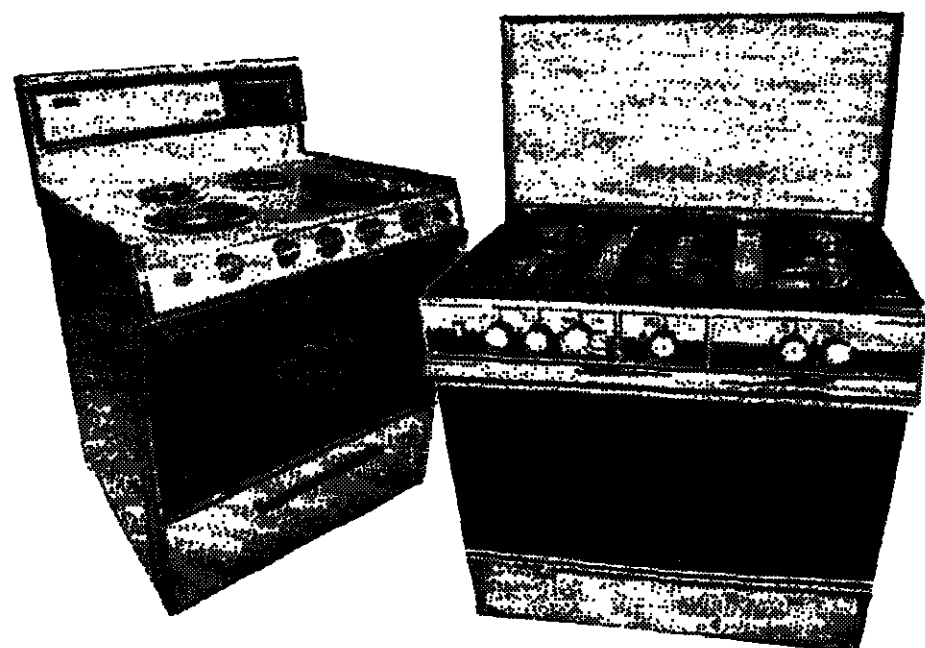
### new phone units

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — Additional equipment is to be installed at the Telephone Directorates in Riyadh and Qasim to meet the demands of new subscribers and to allow long-distance communication from and to Qasim during the next few months, "Al-Riyadh" reported Wednesday.



SPORTSMEN: Republic of China Education Vice-Minister Shih Chi-yang congratulating Othman Al-Saad of the Saudi Olympic Committee after decorating him with a Chinese government sports medal last week. Al-Saad arrived in China on Nov. 8 for a six-day visit at the invitation of the Taiwanese Olympic Committee, the Central News Agency reports.

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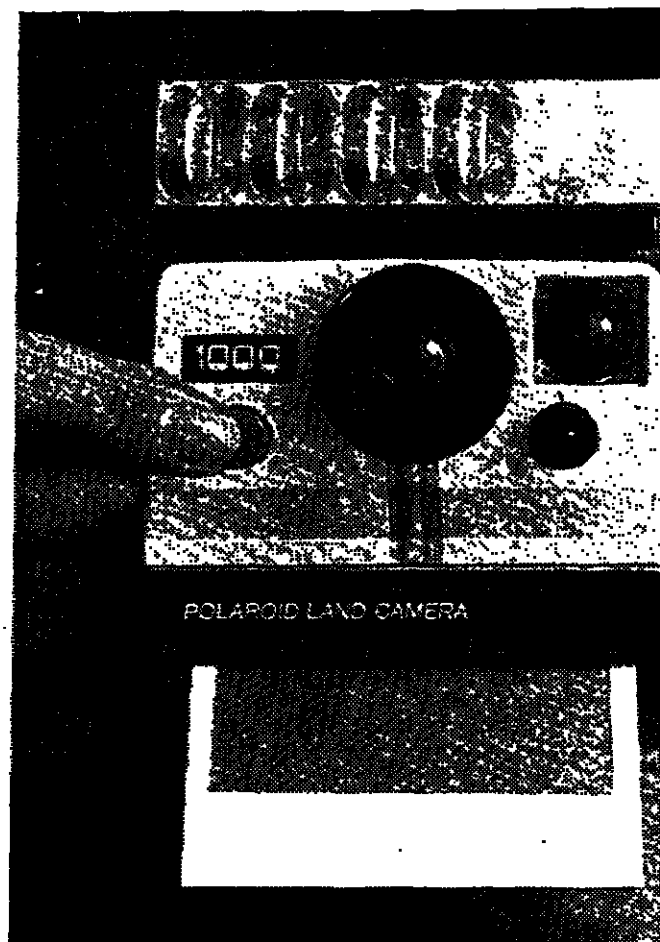
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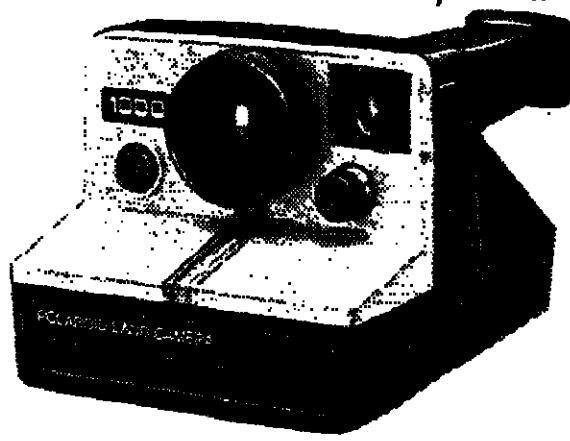
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## Three Israeli MPs protest peace talks

TEL AVIV, Nov. 15 (AP) — Three right-wing parliament members from Prime Minister Begin's coalition set up camping tents Wednesday in front of his office building to protest Tel Aviv's positions in the peace talks with Egypt.

The Knesset members led by the vociferous Geula Cohen, staked their tents prior to the start of the cabinet meeting, originally scheduled for the prime minister's building. However, the meeting venue was changed to the Knesset building.

Mrs. Cohen and her two Knesset counterparts, Haim Druckman of the National Religious Party and Moshe Shairow of the Likud Party, saw the meeting's venue was changed, and they carried their banner into the Knesset building, where demonstrations

aren't allowed.

"They didn't let us demonstrate," said Mrs. Cohen, a member of Begin's Likud Bloc.

"We stood just opposite the door where the ministers were meeting," she said. She was invited into the office of Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Shamir, and while she was speaking to Shamir, the "government finished their meeting," she said.

Mrs. Cohen said she and the other Knesset members were protesting because "the government doesn't have the mandate to give up Sinai, West Bank and help create a state for the Palestinians."

Mrs. Cohen, who called for Begin's resignation after the Camp David accords, said the government's peace treaty negotiations "border on the brink of disaster."

## Israelis, Palestinians clash in Galilee town

TEL AVIV, Nov. 15 (AP) — Eleven Israeli policemen were injured Wednesday when a crowd of angry Palestinians threw stones at officials demolishing a building in a Galilee village.

Israel radio said the police used tear gas and fired into the air to quell the protest. A police spokesman said one Palestinian Arab was arrested after the incident in Deir Hanna, a village of 3,000 about 15 miles north of Nazareth.

One policeman was hit in the head and had to be hospitalized, and 10 others suffered minor injuries, the spokesman said.

The interior ministry had received authorization from a judge to demolish it, the spokesman said, adding that a building in a nearby village was pulled down without incident.

## Roman statues found in Izmir

ISTANBUL, Nov. 15 (AP) — Turkish archaeologists have unearthed two headless Roman-era statues and numerous mosaics presumably dating back to some 1,800 years in a field near Izmir, officials said Wednesday.

Hassan Lahsin Ucanus, director of the Izmir Archeological Museum that sponsored the excavations, said the statues — a woman and a man — weighed a total of five tons.

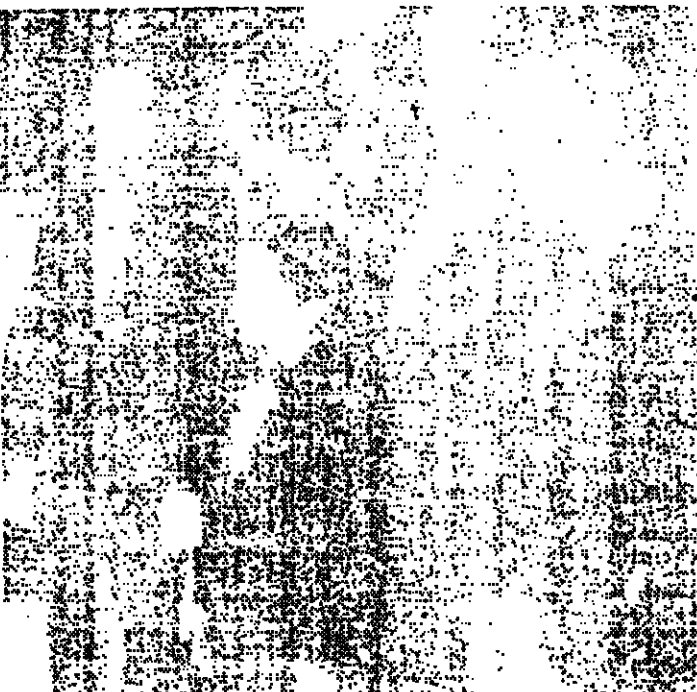
He said workers digging at a construction site were the first to find the ruins of a Roman settlement.

Thorough inspection of nearby fields revealed a maze of mosaics believed to have been started by the Romans, he said.

"What can be found in the way of mosaics in the area is enough to justify the opening of a mosaic section" at the Izmir Municipal Museum, Ucanus said.

"We have been getting scattered reports of mosaic finds from villagers plowing the land for cultivation," he said.

The entire area known as Asia minor came under Roman domination around 130 B.C.



IN WASHINGTON: President Carter, second from right, chats with King Hassan II of Morocco on his arrival at the White House for a state visit and First Lady Rosalynn Carter talks with Crown Prince Sidi Muhammad, 15, left and Prince Moulay Rashid, nine, center. Story page one. (Wirephoto)

## 5,000 Muslim refugees repatriated to Burma

DACCA, Nov. 15 (R) — More than 5,000 Burmese Muslim refugees who fled into Bangladesh six months ago have been repatriated, United Nations officials said here Wednesday.

Their return followed an agreement between the two countries that the refugees would be resettled in their old homes with their safety ensured by the Burmese government.

Roman Kohaut, chief field coordinator for the U.N. High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) in Bangladesh, said they were now moving back to Burma faster than the 2,000

every three days stipulated in the agreement.

But 190,000 Muslim refugees were still living in 13 improvised camps set up by the Bangladesh government, according to UNHCR figures.

Kohaut said the refugees' initial suspicions about their safety in Burma had been substantially relieved by reports from those who had returned.

UNHCR has asked for a fresh supplies of food and other relief materials to enable the 13 internationally-financed camps to continue functioning for a further six months.

## Andreotti on 5-day tour to boost trade with Arabs

ROME, Nov. 15 (R) — Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti left for a five-day tour to give a boost to Italian trade in the Middle East.

Accompanied by Foreign Minister Arnaldo Forlani, Andreotti left on a special flight for Tripoli. Thursday, he goes to Cairo and from there continues to Amman and Baghdad before returning to Rome on Sunday.

Andreotti's stay in the Libyan Jamahiriya is the first time an Italian government leader has paid an official visit to the former Italian colony since it became independent.

Italy has increased its exports to the Arab world almost five-fold since 1973 to an annual value of five billion dollars.

But it still has a substantial trade deficit with members of the Organization of

Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and the main aim of Andreotti's trip is to boost Italian exports to offset this imbalance.

## Israel says UNESCO 'distorting documents'

PARIS, Nov. 15 (R) — Israel Wednesday accused UNESCO's Secretariat of wilfully distorting documents in order to create a false impression about it.

The allegations were made by Amiel Najjar, head of the Israeli delegation at the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization meeting.

"No one here can say UNESCO is impartial and apolitical," he claimed.

He dwelt on the non-publication by UNESCO of a report it had commissioned by an international civil servant on education and culture in occupied Arab territories. Its contents were publicly disclosed last week by Reuters.

The report, by Frenchman Paul-Marc Henry, was strongly critical of many aspects of Israeli occupation but cleared it of charges of cultural aggression against the Arab population over which it has had control since the 1967 Middle East war.

"Where is the Henry report? Why is it that it was only when a news agency, a major news agency, Reuters News Agency, became interested in it that this conference found

## Malaysia gives aid to mosque in Cairo area

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov. 15 (R) — Malaysia is donating 562,000 ringgit (\$255,000) worth of sawn timber for the construction of a mosque and Islamic center in the Abbasiya district of Cairo, the foreign ministry said Wednesday.

The gift was described as a token of appreciation to the Egyptian government and people for allowing thousands of Malaysian students to study in Egypt.

The ministry statement said a hostel for Malaysian students was located near the planned center.

out what the report contained?"

He quoted from the Reuters story those parts of the Henry Report which claimed there had been no deliberate attempt by Israel to undermine Arab culture in occupied territories.

He made no mention of the parts of the report quoted by Reuters saying Israeli occupation "manifestly prevented the free exercise of an independent cultural life" in the occupied areas.

"A deliberate attempt to produce a bad impression (about Israel) had been made by UNESCO Secretariat staff when producing for public scrutiny edited versions of individual annexes to the Henry report by other members of the mission," Najjar claimed.

Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) representative Afif Safieh said Israel's accusations were arrogant and asked why an annex to the Henry report by Swiss Professor Pierre de Senarcles had been shelved.

He said UNESCO had explained that one report was pro-Israeli and the other anti-Israeli.

"Why have we not heard the terms of the second report?" he asked.

UNESCO has denied that it considered the annex, one of five, as anti-Israeli. Director General Amadou Mahtar M'Bow has said he did not publish the Henry report or the Senarcles annex because they were "not satisfactory."

Sources close to UNESCO have said the organization felt the main mission report and one annex were "too political."

Earlier the session heard Jordan's representative, Muhammad Ibrahim Hassan, and Syria's delegate, Mrs. D.T. Kallani, charge that Israel was engaged in brain-washing Arab youth in occupied territories by preventing them from fully knowing their cultural heritage.

## NATO chief visits Turkey

ANKARA, Nov. 15 (AP) — NATO Secretary-General Joseph Luns arrived here Wednesday for talks with Cenko alliance officials that are expected to include a review of the current situation in Iran, NATO officials reported.

Turkish sources said there was no agenda for the talks but possible aid from NATO to Turkey toward solving its severe economic problems would be brought up.

Also likely to be discussed is Turkey's opposition to an Athens plan under which Greece would return to full participation in the alliance, the sources said.

Greece withdrew from the military wing of NATO following Turkey's invasion of Cyprus in the summer of 1974.

It has now submitted a plan or re-entry to the alliance which proposes the establishment of an all-Greek NATO command in Larissa, Greece, a parallel to an existing Turkish command in Izmir, Turkey.

## Luxury resort on Kish island closed down

PARIS, Nov. 15 (AP) — The luxury resort on the island of Kish on the south coast of Iran has been closed "until further notice" because of the current situation in the country, a spokesman said here Tuesday.

The "season" for the resort, designed for wealthy guests from the Gulf states and Europe, was due to have opened earlier this month. Plans to run two Concorde supersonic charter flights each week from Paris for guests, which ran November, 1977, through May, 1978, have been cancelled for this season.

A 200-room hotel built by the French PLM chain has been closed, as have 150 boutiques selling French luxury articles, the company spokesman said.

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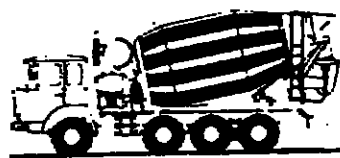
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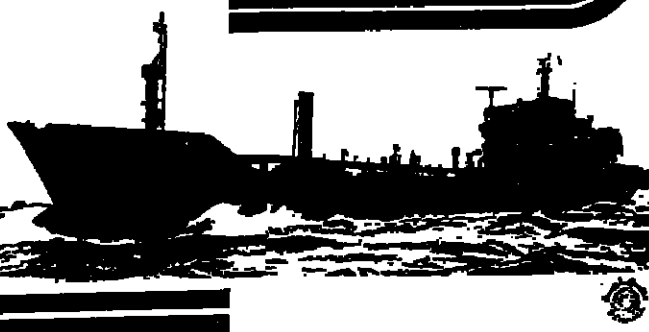
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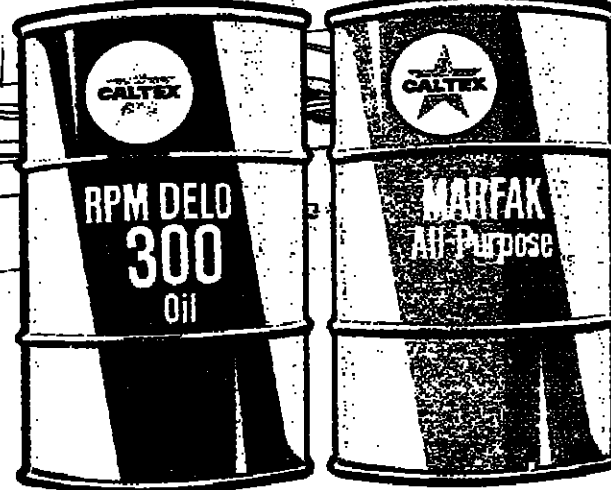
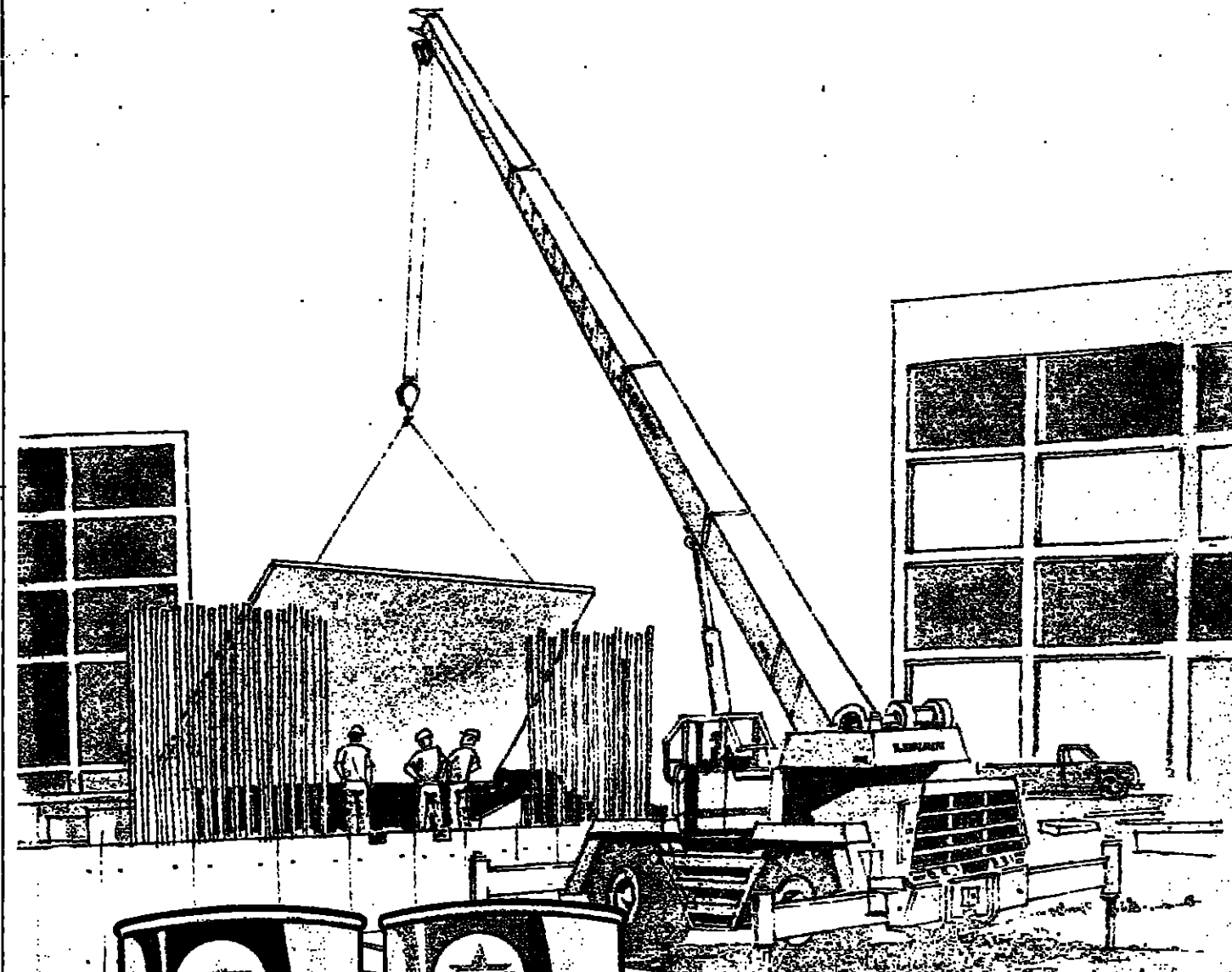


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# TUC rejects agreement to hold down increases

LONDON, Nov. 15 (AP) — An agreement between Britain's powerful Trades Union Congress and Prime Minister James Callaghan's Labor government to hold down pay increases to trim inflation was rejected by the TUC's governing council, raising the threat of open confrontation between unions and administration.

A document which aimed at papering over the breach between the socialist government and the TUC on national pay and economic policies was rejected on a 14-14 tie vote by the TUC's General Council. There were two abstentions.

Tuesday and General Secretary Len Murray had no voting power to break the deadlock.

The TUC represents 12 million Britons, more than half the country's 22 million work force. Rejection of a new agreement for pay and economic guidelines during current negotiating sessions would be a harsh blow to Callaghan and Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey.

The agreement was drawn up during many meetings between Healey and six TUC representatives during the past month. The end result report-

edly was a watered down version of the initial document sought by the government, which is pressing for a 17 per cent ceiling on wage increases during the next few months in order to keep inflation down.

Currently inflation is running at about 7.8 per cent. This time last year it hovered around 16 per cent.

Healey said the government will stick to its 5 per cent pay policy and if it became necessary, would use sanctions against pay code breakers.

After the vote, Healey added: "What happened today makes no difference in that regard."

## Market comment

Special to Arab News

LONDON, Nov. 15—The London stock market recorded its largest rise in over a year on Tuesday though the volume of business actually transacted remained dimly small. The market rallied right from the opening and hardly paused all day as moderate buying orders found the market short of stock. Optimism was built up on the back of rumours (later proved unfounded) that the government and the TUC had reached an agreement on the policies required to combat inflation and head off threatened industrial conflict this winter.

The market was given an additional boost by the much better than expected October trade figures, which showed a current account surplus of 209 million pounds, in contrast to the previous month's 140 million pounds deficit. The figures, which revealed highly encouraging acceleration in exports, put the U.K. into the black for the first ten months of the year.

The news put another four points on the index in after hours trading and by the close the market had soared a total of 13 points to reach 487.5. Gilt were also in good form, as further investment demand exhausted another of the authorities' tap stocks.

The announcement that the TUC had, in fact, rejected the draft agreement with the government was not made until after most dealers had gone home on Tuesday evening. The acute disappointment felt by ministers was reflected in share prices the following morning, when the market had to contend with the additional burden of a massive 82 million pounds cash raising rights issue from Beecham, the international pharmaceuticals giant.

A rights issue raises cash by offering existing shareholders additional participation in the company by issuing new shares to them at a preferential price, lower than the ruling market price. Thus, in Beecham's case, one new share was offered for every ten existing shares currently held, at 560p, compared with the price before the announcement of 650p. The share price does get adjusted however and Beecham's shares plummeted 23p to 627p on the news, despite the simultaneous announcement of interim profits well up to market expectations at 76.1 million pounds pre-tax.

Other leading share prices were also marked down savagely at the opening and after only a half-hour's trading, the FT index had collapsed nearly 10 points to 477.6. But with no sellers of stock appearing, prices steadied and by noon the index had edged back to 840.4.

Sterling was barely disturbed by the sea-saw behavior of the stock market. Although a little weaker overnight, it recovered the following morning to the same level as had prevailed on Tuesday afternoon ahead of the trade figures. The dollar remained firm though still dependent on central bank support, particularly against the French franc which was a weak counter in response to a reduction in interest rates in Paris.

As more U.S. banks raised their prime rates to 11 per cent, continuing the move initiated on Monday, and the Commerce Department forecast a slowdown in growth, the twin spectres of inflation and recession once again haunted Wall Street stock prices. The volume of selling expanded further on another day of falling prices as the Dow Jones index slid nearly 10 points at one time, before rallying for a net loss of 6.75 at 785.36.

## IATA allows flexibility in air fares

GENEVA, Nov. 15 (R)—The world's leading airlines have formally voted to allow more flexibility in air fare negotiations but several Arab and African firms abstained.

The International Air Transport Association (IATA) held a formal vote Tuesday on its executive committee report—including plans to change the rules on tariff coordination—after some delegates to its annual meeting said a show of hands Monday was confusing.

Sixty of the organization's 89 voting members who were present approved the report, three were against and there were 11 abstentions.

IATA, which groups all major world airlines except Aeroflot of the Soviet Union, will now become a two-tier body allowing members to stay aloof from the far-reaching coordination conferences which have been widely criticized as cartels. The conferences will however continue for those airlines which so wish, IATA officials stressed.

They said Tuesday's vote was not a roll-call but observers at the meeting said the French firm UTA, Iran Air and Saudi Arabia had voted against.

The airlines which abstained were Aeromexico, Air Algérie, Air Guinea, Air Mali, Royal Jordanian Airlines, Egyptair, Kuwait, Libyan Arab, Trans-Mediterranean, Tunis Air, the observers said. There was no official confirmation of the names.

At its closing session Wednesday IATA elected Roman Cruz Jurjo, president of Philippine Airlines, as the organization's president.

## Overseas phone calls now 15% cheaper in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 (AP) — Calling friends and business associates in foreign countries will be cheaper for Americans starting Wednesday.

As a result of a Federal Communications Commission order Tuesday, overseas phone calls from the United States will be cut an average of 15 per cent for about one year. A smaller rate cut will continue after that.

The permanent rate reduction of about \$95 million a year applies to station-to-station calls from the United States to 47

## Gulf, Pakistan conclude oil exploration venture

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 15 (AP)—The Pakistan government concluded a petroleum concession agreement Wednesday with Gulf Oil (Pak-

## U.S. oil imports down 10%

CHICAGO, Nov. 15 (R)—U.S. oil imports for the first 10 months of 1978 were 10.5 per cent below last year's level, the American Petroleum Institute reported Wednesday.

An institute report showed that imports to the end of October this year averaged 7.9 million barrels a day, compared to 8.8 million barrels in 1977.

But it also showed that imports last month went up to 8.4 million barrels a day, 4.4 per cent higher than in October last year.

The institute said the increase was due to rising demand and stockpiling before an expected price rise by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) in January.

## Major ports to be closed in India

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (R)—Ten major ports in India are expected to be closed indefinitely from Friday when more than 200,000 dock workers go on strike for more pay, a trade union official said Wednesday.

The strike call by the all-India Port and Dock Workers Federation has been rejected by India's three other port and waterfront unions.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES		
Opening Wednesday	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.34
Pound Sterling	6.65	6.60
Deutsche Mark (100)	177.00	176.50
Swiss F (100)	205.00	205.00
French F (100)	77.50	77.30
Italian Lira (1000)	4.10	4.02
Lebanese Lira (100)	113.00	113.00
Syrian Lira (100)	82.50	85.90
Egyptian Pound	4.70	4.78
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.30	12.28
Jordanian Dinar	11.30	11.37
Emirates Dirham (100)	87.00	87.00
Qatari Riyal (100)	87.00	87.00
Bahraini Dinar	8.70	8.70
Iraqi Dinar	47.25	47.00
Iranian Riyal (100)	10.25	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	73.00	73.50
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	79.00	87.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	40.75
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.00
Gold kg	22,600	—
10 Tolas bar	2,690	—
Silver kg bar	655	—

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## Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Ministry of Education	Building of health units in Dhuba/Tabuk, first stage 78/79	15M	1000	Dec. 8
* Department of Education, Qunfuzah	Repairs to a rural school in Qunfuzah	xx	100	Dec. 1
* Ministry of Defense and Aviation	Running and maintenance of the canteen of Military Secondary School in Qassim	xx	100	Nov. 20
* Department of Education, Qassim	Repairs to some schools of the area	xx	Free	Nov. 27
* Municipality of Asyab	Securing of a vehicle with moving ladder for electricity department	602/11/717	20	Nov. 20
* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Fencing of two rural graveyards in Shamasiyah	26-96/97	300	Nov. 26
* "	Fencing of graveyard in Rawda village in Quweiyah	"	150	"



## SAUDI PORTS AUTHORITY VESSELS MOVEMENTS AT JEDDAH SEAPORT UPTO THE MORNING OF 15TH NOVEMBER 1978

BERTH	VESSEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
1A	FAHAD	SADAKA	LOADING CARS	10/11/78
1	NADA	ANSCO	VEHICLES	15/11/78
2	ARYA MARMAR	S.E.A.	STEEL PIPES/STEEL	11/11/78
5A	GREEN VALLEY	KANOO	GENERAL FLOUR/STEEL CEMENT/	11/11/78
5B	(BARGES) SOUTHERN REEFER	O.C.E.	CONS. MATERIALS CHICKEN/EGGS	9/11/78
6A	BRISTOL MARU	A.E.T.	GENERAL CONTAINERS	15/11/78
7B	MAMMOUTH OAK	KANOO	RICE	7/11/78
8	(BARGES) NGOMIE CHAU	ALATAS	CONTR. RICE MAIZE/ GEN.	13/11/78
9	STERNENFELS	ALIREZA	GENERAL FROZEN CHICKEN	13/11/78
11	DEMETRIOS C	O.C.E.	FROZEN CHICKEN	12/11/78
12	LUCKY THREE	ORRI	BAGGED MAIZE CANNED PINEAPPLES	11/11/78
13	WOL JONG	O.C.E.	CEMENT	25/10/78
15	ADIB	O.C.E.	FROZEN CHICKEN	8/11/78
16	—	—	—	—
17	—	—	—	—
18	—	—	—	—
20	WARE TRANQUILLO	BAROOM	CEMENT	17/10/78
22	FILIPINAS SAUDI I	S.A.M.A.	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—
36	ESTRELLA	STAR NAV.	BANANAS	8/11/78
38	SAN STEFANO	STAR NAV.	FRUITS/CHICKENS	5/11/78
40	—	—	—	—
41	—	—	—	—
42	IBN TUFAIL	KANOO	CONTAINERS	14/11/78
43	SAMOS SUN	STAR NAV.	FRUITS	1/11/78
44	ELLI 2	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	23/10/78

Vessels Arrived During Past 24 Hours			
IBN TUFAIL	KANOO	CONTAINERS	14/11/78
ALPHA EXPRESS	ALGOSAIBI	RO RO	14/11/78
BRISTOL MARU	A.E.T.	GENERAL & CONTAINERS	15/11/78
NADA	ANSCO	VEHICLES	15/11/78
MEDO	FAYEZ	CABLE & GENERAL	14/11/78

Vessels Expected to Arrive During Next 24 Hours			
PORT OF RIO HELLENIC STAR	O.C.E.	REEFER	15/11/78
AL HUZZI	ALSAHAH	SOYA BEANS/FISH BONE MEAL/FEED	15/11/78
DALMATIA	ALSAADA	IRON RODS/TILES	15/11/78
HALLA PARTNER	ORRI	CONTAINERS	15/11/78
USKOK	ATTAR	CONST. MATS. TRAILERS	15/11/78
RUBENHOFF	A.E.T.	GENERAL	15/11/78
BLUE SKY	HAABOUD	TO LOAD EMPTY CONTAINERS	15/11/78
EVER HUMANITY	ALGOSAIBI	TO LOAD CARS	15/11/78
KANARIS	A.A.	CONTAINERS	15/11/78
STALO 2	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	15/11/78
JOLLY BIANCO	ABDALLAH	RO RO	15/11/78
LAKMOS	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	15/11/78
ROLACO BULK	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	15/11/78

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FREIGHT TONS 38,205

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CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

DATE: 15.12.1398/15.11.1978  
TIME: 0700 HRS.

Vessels Working at Berth No.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of cargo	Arrival Date
1	RISHI VALMIKI	ORRI	GENERAL	13/11/78
3	AMSTEL PARK	KANOO	BUILDING MATLS	12/11/78
5	MELUMPUS	BARBER	GEN. CONT.	14/11/78
8	ASUNARO	ALSAADA	GEN. CEMENT	13/10/78
9	MAHAPRIYA	SOEASIA	GEN. RICE	8/11/78
10	KOTA ABADI	GULF	LOADING UREA	8/11/78
12	BARI	A.E.T.	GENERAL	14/11/78
13	LENEVERETT	ORRI	BANANA	14/11/78
17	GLORIA STAR	ALGOSAIBI	LIME	3/11/78
18	ALWA	ALGOSAIBI	C. CEMENT	6/11/78
19	GARICA	SALTE	C. CEMENT	30/9/78
20	RECENT COSMOS	KANOO	STEEL/TIMBER	13/10/78
21	WORLD CREST	ALIREZA	BULK CEMENT	14/11/78
26	MARITIME QUEEN	SALTE	LIVESTOCK	14/11/78
28	ARIES CHIEF	KANOO	—	—

Vessels Working at Anchorage

Recent Arrivals

BARI	A.E.T.	GENERAL	14/11/78
PANAMA	REZAYAT	CONTAINERS	14/11/78
LENEVERETT	ORRI	BANANAS	14/11/78
MELUMPUS	BARBER	GEN. CONTAINER	14/11/78
RONNEBURG	KANOO	GENERAL	14/11/78

Vessels Expected Within 24 Hours

ARYA RASTAKHIZ	A.E.T.	—	—
ARGOLIKOS	SOEASIA	—	—
ASIA CHILHO	GULF	—	—
ALMUBARAKIAH	KANOO	—	—
LAKSHMI-SAGAR	ALGOSAIBI	—	—
HELLENIC CHAMPION	GULF	—	—
KOTA RAKAYAT	I.A.C.C.	—	—
HOLLY REICHENFELS	ALI REZA	—	—

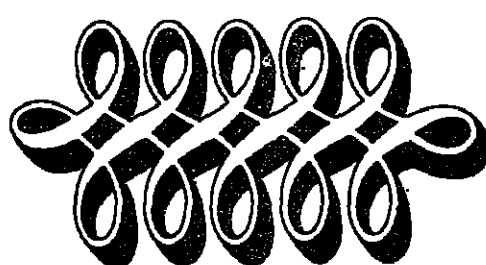
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## BEGIN'S TACTICS

Some observers have described the Egyptian-Israeli peace talks as a diplomatic version of the American television soap opera: A seemingly endless series of emotional cliffhangers, followed by inevitable letdowns, and dragging on into the interminable future with no prospect of a resolution of the problems posed in the drama. The see-sawing treaty negotiations have now entered another period of gloom and pessimism, as Egyptian and Israeli delegates confer with their respective home governments and the Americans launch another round of frantic mediation efforts. The problem this time is essentially the same difficulty that has plagued the peace talks since the outset.

The Israelis are changing the ground rules, adding new demands apparently calculated to distract the attention of the United States and Egypt from the crucial question of linkage between the Egyptian-Israeli treaty and the Palestinian question. The Begin government is going back on assurances made privately to President Carter at Camp David—as well as pledges made publicly in the accords that issued from that summit—with regard to acceptance of U.N. Resolution 242 and the legitimate rights of the Palestinians.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin, regardless of his personal views on the matter, is under heavy pressure from his Likud allies to avoid even the slightest hint of linkage between the treaty and the Palestinian question. As a result, Begin has declined to respond to President Carter's request for specific details of Israel's long-range plans for the West Bank and the Palestinians. Instead, Begin has instructed his negotiators to divert the focus of the talks away from the Palestinian question—which so far has taken up 80 per cent of the negotiating time—and add new complications to the purely bilateral issues affecting Egypt and Israel. For example, the Israelis have not only demanded that Egypt sell Sinai oil to the Jewish state after a peace settlement, but are also insisting that Israel retain shares and exploration rights in the peninsula's oil fields. On another issue, the Israeli negotiators have deliberately provoked the Americans by insisting that Israel will not withdraw from the airbases in occupied Sinai until the Americans have completed construction of the proposed new substitute airfields in the Negev.

In short, the Israelis are throwing up roadblocks, presenting a series of unreasonable demands to both Egypt and the United States, in the hope that Presidents Sadat and Carter will be panicked into abandoning their concern over the West Bank question and focusing their exclusive attention on the Egyptian-Israeli treaty. No doubt Israel will prove willing eventually to drop its outrageous new demands in the Sinai—but only as part of a trade-off, in which Egypt and the United States agree to drop the linkage clauses from the treaty. The tactic is an old one. The Israelis are masters of the technique of "upping the ante" whenever agreement seems close.

President Carter must surely recognize this tactic, and is no doubt trying desperately to bring the peace talks back to the fundamental principles agreed upon at Camp David. Perhaps the only way he can succeed at this is to go public with Israel's duplicity, and reveal to the American people the dramatic shifts that have taken place in Begin's stand since he signed the Camp David documents. It is well known to political observers in Washington that Mr. Carter is extremely bitter about Begin's chronic tendency to say one thing in the privacy of the negotiating room and then reverse his stand in public the next day. It may be only by exposing this cheap tactic to public scrutiny that President Carter can effectively pressure Israel into engaging in serious and responsible negotiations for a comprehensive peace.

## GULF SECURITY

The Gulf security conference that was held in Oman two years ago achieved little because it came out with few clear ideas for mutual security and the conferees were unwilling to spell out their fears. At that time a member state had given naval facilities to the Soviet Union and another to the United States. A third was host to foreign troops assisting it in quelling a large-scale insurgency.

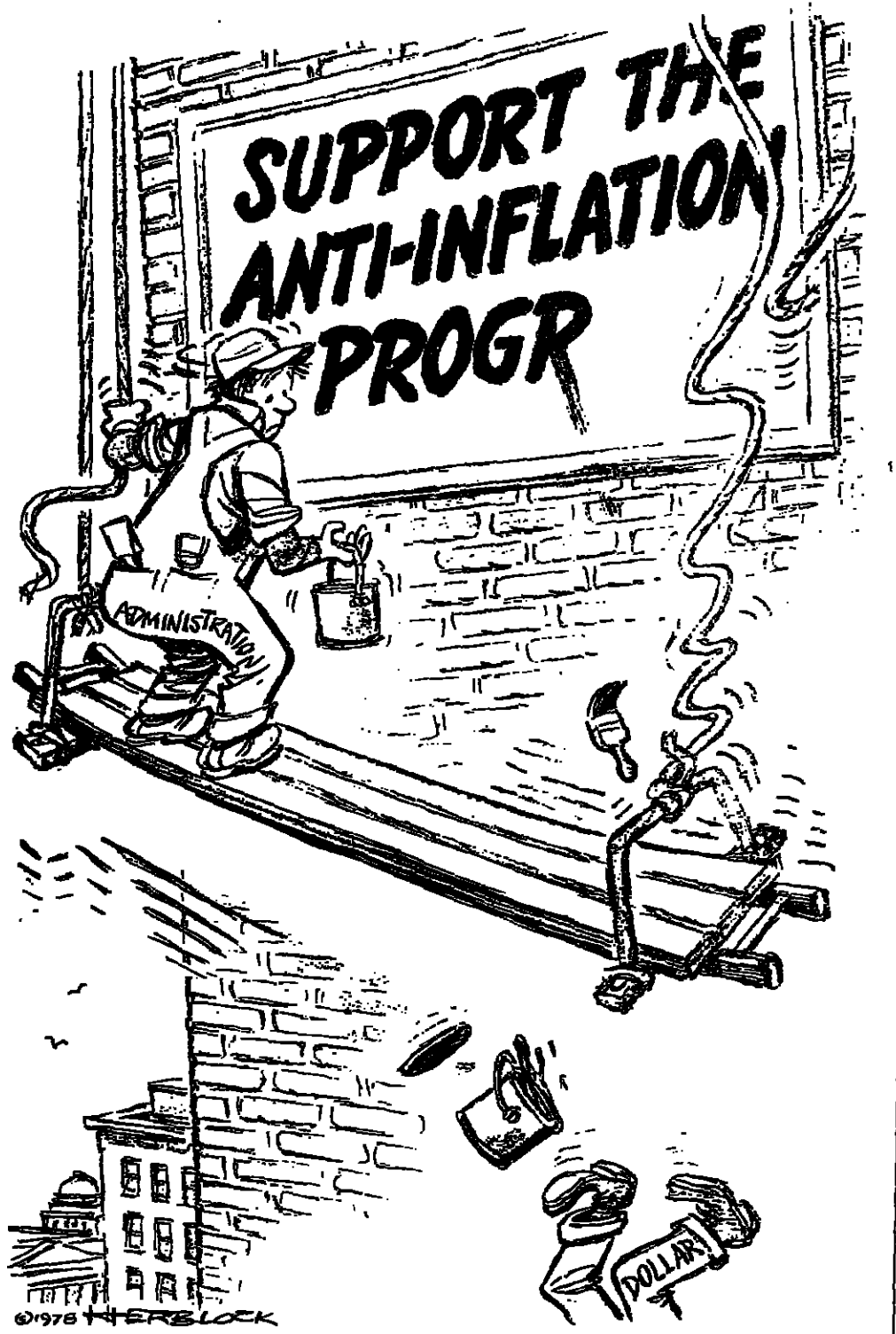
But the situation has changed since then. Iran, which used to boast of its ability to safeguard the security of the Gulf and readiness to rush troops and arms to any neighboring country in need of help, is no longer in the same position to do so. The Shah is not free to take the swift and effective action which helped Oman combat the Dhofar Liberation Front four years ago. It was Iran which tipped the military balance in favor of Sultan Qaboos. Arab states in the region either did not want, or could not get involved.

It is still too early to forecast the outcome of the Iranian crisis, but if a drastic change takes place other Gulf states should seriously consider what measures to take.

With Iran either in a state of continued disorder or the Shah in a weak position, the temptation will grow to destabilize the area, to sweep away the status quo altogether—as the Dhofar Liberation Front aims at in its published manifesto—or to maintain a state of unrest.

Gulf states which maintained—or believed that they maintained—excellent relations with the Soviet Union or the United States have discovered in times of trouble that the superpowers may not be the saviors they thought. The Soviet Union incited Communist activity in the Iraqi armed forces, while the United States has shown little willingness to bolster the Shah's position.

Hence the need for a mutual defense pact to bind the states of the Gulf against aggression or subversion. The region is too rich, and too disunited not to attract hostile interest. The pact should, of course, stipulate that purely internal affairs or unrest do not fall within its jurisdiction for intervention.



## Scapegoating economic ills

By Dennis Winters  
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — A scapegoat is "a person, group or country upon whom blame is placed for the mistakes or crimes of others or for the misfortune of others." For the past ten months, there is growing evidence that a political vacuum must be found by the Carter administration to deflect the anger and frustration on the middle and lower class Americans who cast the most votes and, recently, feel most cheated.

Earlier in the year, the "scapegoat" was, at one time, "the big oil companies" and, at another, all or most of the problems were placed at the door of the lawyers and the doctors. The first was a "dip-off" and the latter were "irresponsible." Before things got better and the congressional victories began to line up, a "reluctant Congress" took its turn at being "scapegoat."

Hans Morgenthau perceived that America has two weaknesses that make her susceptible to such scapegoating: a political memory of about three weeks and the demand that a complex situation be made into something as simple as a detective story.

There is clear evidence that in the weeks following the anti-climax of the Israeli-Egyptian accords, all three "full partners" will have to turn toward the unhappy economic realities of their respective countries. Israel will begin spending the \$4 billion plus she will get for moving illegally held land while Egypt and the U.S. cooperate in getting Xerox, Coca-Cola and Chase Manhattan to invest in a less

risky Egypt.

The interim between promise and fulfillment, however, will be dangerous for all three leaders. Before Begin can spend a dollar of his Nobel prize toward a weekend visit to the pyramids he claims that the Jews built, the Labor Party will be pointing to the "blind alley" his policies have brought Israel to. Before Carter can count a single presidential vote out of the euphoria of the Camp David triumph, he must face the workers of the closed down steel factories and middle class complaints about higher bills and lower expendable income.

Saudi Arabia may be high on the list of possible "scapegoats."

Last year, the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC) began a massive campaign to define Saudi Arabia as the impossible to understand, unstable government of the Arabian Peninsula, which, unfortunately, held America's energy future in her shaking hands. The implication was, of course, that the more stable Iran and Israel should be exclusively depended upon to protect U.S. interests in the Gulf area.

As Iran and Israel became less and less of unshakable protective powers and, as Saudi Arabia's conservative, steady, policy became more broadly appreciated, this rationale fell on its own weight.

After a spate of internal "scapegoating" of their own, however, there are unmistakable signs that the AIPAC has recovered enough to begin a campaign to "scapegoat" Saudi Arabia for the current economic downturns.

Certain columnists who at

both editorial writers and "consultants" in Washington with AIPAC-related clients are the first to exhibit the fundamentals of such campaigns. For the last five weeks, the press has been full of these harbingers of anti-Arab and anti-Saudi rhetoric of the next six to eight months.

We read that "Americans are only now beginning to realize the real impact of the 1973 oil embargo on inflation and unemployment." Against all statements and reports from Saudi Arabia, we are constantly warned that the "oil sheikhs are certain to drain even more from the economy."

Before one begins to assume that the American people will be able to see through all this carefully prepared fog, Morgenthau's perceptions should be kept in mind. Americans can easily forget that Saudi Arabia is the largest purchaser of American goods in the Middle East, that over 80 per cent of Saudi Arabia's reserves are in dollar investments or even Saudi Arabia's moderation in both economic and political fields.

The situation is ripe for a well-planned "scapegoating" scenario with Saudi Arabia as the villain responsible for each and every economic ill in America and the Third World.

In July, 1977, before the fateful first visit of Begin to President Carter, the administration considered going before the American people with charts, graphs and maps with the new U.S. leader explaining Middle East realities. The idea was scrapped then, but, perhaps the time is right for such an action.

## Gloom in the Middle East

By Bernd Debusmann  
BEIRUT

The Kalashnikov rifle barrels are aimed at the concentric rings of a target superimposed on the portraits of Jimmy Carter, Anwar Sadat, Menachem Begin.

The message of the posters, pasted on scores of Beirut buildings by a leftist organization, would be clear even without the slogan: "Down with Camp David, long live steadfastness."

For Arab radicals, President Carter, Egypt's President Sadat and Prime Minister Begin of Israel became targets of anger when they met at Camp David in September to agree on Egyptian-Israeli peace talks.

But opposition to Camp David and the subsequent negotiations for an Egyptian-Israeli peace pact is not restricted to the hard-liners who have publicly denounced Sadat for having committed "high treason" and a "crime against the Arab cause."

Arab moderates have watched the negotiations with gloomy foreboding. Outside Egypt, few in the Arab world believe they will lead to an end of the Middle East conflict, and many fear more bloodshed.

The talks have run into problems over Israel's refusal to link the proposed peace treaty to Israeli withdrawal from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, and Egypt announced Monday it was recalling its acting foreign minister from the stalled talks, but was not suspending the negotiations.

Even before Sadat and Begin signed the Camp David accords, Egypt found itself in a corner.

This month's summit meeting in Baghdad marked the first clear division of Egypt versus the rest of the Arab world. For the first time since the foundation of the Arab League in 1945, all its members except Egypt attended a top-level meeting.

Called by Iraq to halt the Egyptian march towards a separate peace, the summit resulted in a relatively mildly worded condemnation of Camp David and a package of sanctions upon the Israeli-Egyptian pact is signed.

The measures reportedly include the transfer of the Arab League headquarters from Cairo, a boycott of Egyptian companies dealing with Israel, and the establishment of a \$3.5 billion annual fund to strengthen Syria, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO).

"None of this will change the Middle East or bring down Sadat," said an Arab diplomat. "But Baghdad was a beginning. And develop-

ments after the Cairo-Tel Aviv pact are certain to lead to a further closing of Arab ranks."

Such predictions are based on the assumption that Israel, once Egypt is safely out of the confrontation, will refuse to make concessions to the other major protagonists in the Middle East conflict—Syria, Jordan, Lebanon and the Palestinians.

"If Israel no longer has to fear Egypt its hand is strengthened immensely in any subsequent negotiations with the Arabs on the West Bank, and on the status of Jerusalem," said the respected newsletter "An Nahar Arab Report and Memo."

"Yet the issues of occupied Arab territory and of the Palestinians are crucial to any just and lasting peace, and failure to resolve them will encourage the cancerous hatreds and conflicts that bedevil the Middle East..."

Much of the public dispute involving Egypt, Israel and the United States centered on linking the treaty with the Camp David accord on a "Framework for Peace in the Middle East."

But the framework itself was considered defective by most Arab countries, and most of all by the PLO, because it ignored the majority of the world's 3.5 million Palestinians.

"Linkage or no linkage," said a PLO moderate, "the Camp David accords mention only the Palestinians on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. What about the rest of us, more than 2.5 million people? We won't just fade away."

The PLO, named the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people by the 1974 Arab summit, in Kabat, rated no mention in the Camp David accords. They merely provided for the establishment of a self-governing authority on the West Bank and Gaza elected by the Palestinians living there.

To the PLO, Israel's decision to "thicken" existing settlements on occupied territory was further proof of the contention that the Jewish state is by nature expansionist and aggressive—and that the United States is neither willing nor able to control its Israeli clients.

Palestinian frustration tends to make itself heard with a bang, and PLO chief Yasser Arafat's assertion that 100 armed men can wreck any peace is no idle boast.

Last March, a small band of commandos killed 33 Israelis in a raid north of Tel Aviv and Israel retaliated by sending more than 20,000 troops across the border with

Lebanon in a vast land, and an attack.

Political analysts here have predicted that an Israeli-Egyptian peace would spur the commandos into more determined action against Israel, which, in turn, would result in even stiffer Israeli resistance to negotiations with the PLO.

In Israeli eyes, the PLO is a terrorist organization bent on the destruction of Israel and therefore "not fit" to be a negotiating partner.

"According to the version you hear in Washington and Cairo, everything will fall into place once the treaty is signed," reported a newly-arrived Western diplomat here. "All the other Arabs will eventually follow suit, and there will be peace in our time."

He added: "The story you hear in Amman, Beirut, Damascus or Algiers is so completely different it is hard to believe the same subject is being discussed. According to this version, the treaty will be a new source of conflict."

Optimists hold that a peace between Israel and the Arab world's biggest military power and most populous country would reduce the prospects of a fifth Arab-Israeli war.

Pessimists contend that treaty would make another round in the 30-year-old conflict more likely. The forces move towards Arab unity in deed, rather than word, and a preemptive Israeli strike to crush such efforts.

One of the most striking and least expected results of Camp David was an agreement between Syria and Israel to end more than a decade of animosity and work towards full military union.

The combined forces of Syria and Iraq, the Arab world's second and third biggest military powers, would compensate for the departure of Egypt from the confrontation with Israel.

Whether the agreement will be implemented remains to be seen, but Israel has already made clear that it takes a dim view of the planned union.

"If the Israelis and the Syrians—or anyone else for that matter—make genuine progress towards unity, the Israelis will act," said an Arab diplomat.

A year ago, President Sadat declared that his trip to Jerusalem—the "historic mission" which won him and Begin the 1978 Nobel peace prize—had removed the psychological barrier between Israel and the Arabs.

Perhaps so. But the Egyptian leader's solo initiative also resulted in a new psychological barrier—between Egypt and most of the other Arabs.—(E)

## Portugal's new hope

By Jimmy Burns  
LISBON

The Portuguese, never among the more excitable of European races, are looking more sullen than usual these days. Just over four years since a leftist military coup toppled nearly half a century of dictatorship, and promised freedom and a better life, the future looks bleak to the man in the street.

Memories die too easily perhaps and now little is remembered about the harsh days of the old regime. Instead the overriding image is that of a 1978 with rising prices, frozen wage packets, and politicians who talk too much and do far too little.

But the appointment last month of Carlos Mota Pinto as Prime Minister has created a faint hope that things may get better.

After two-and-a-half months

of political crisis during which Portugal's democracy has been put to the test, Mota Pinto looks like being able to put at least some of the house in order.

The collapse of the six-month-old Socialist and Conservative alliance in July led to weeks of political uncertainty during which all four major political parties failed to reach a new agreement.

As a result the president called on Alfredo Nobre da Costa, an industrialist without any formal political links, to form a government of technocrats—men judged on their flair in industry and business rather than on any political ideology. The formula drew the combined wrath of the Socialists and the Conservatives.

In their view the president's solution was a direct affront to parliamentary democracy. Da Costa's administration founder-

ed after only 17 days.

That brought the threat of premature elections (the next are not due until 1980). At the same time, support for the major parties began to crumble. The man in the street, tired of parliament's squabbling, was threatening to jeopardize the parliamentary system through a massive abstention.

The drift has been arrested by the coming to power of Mota Pinto, for unlike his predecessor, he has been appointed in a new climate of consensus among the political parties.

With the exception of the Communists, the major parties have indicated their willingness to let some of their members participate in a government under the new premier. Though Mota Pinto is without formal party links he is capable of creating a coalition government that could remain in power until 1980. — (OFNS)

## saudi press review

"Oleas" dealt with the reported discovery of around 300 million tons of iron ore in the Sawawin district.

The discovery would help the policy of diversifying the country's resources and income. With the discovery of zinc, gold, silver and copper in the Nuqra district, this was bound to improve, life here leading to a well-integrated productive society.

An iron and steel industry based on Sawawin production would be an important contribution to the industrial program. An industrial base was the best way to exploit the country's resources and to make use of the best and latest technological advances, the paper said.

Industry gives birth to social amenities, housing, schools,

hospitals and roads. We should train Saudis in crafts and trades to help us achieve self-sufficiency in this field.

"Al-Riyadh" called for greater attention to villages. In spite of a vast improvement in village life, there was still a lot that could be done. The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs had done a great deal, but it should be assisted by other ministries like those of agriculture and water, Post and Telecommunications, labor and welfare. The writer cited vast areas of arable land without adequate water supplies. Here, he said, the Ministry of Agriculture and Water may have a role to play by digging wells.

The writer welcomed, in another comment, the use of a computer at the Department of Social Insurance. It was

bound to speed registration of beneficiaries and paying out monthly aid.

An "Al-Medina" writer who visited Europe recently quoted examples of the high level of civic responsibility there. In Paris he saw workers digging a street at night.

When he passed the same site in the morning the work had been completed and there were no equipment or rubble lying about. In Switzerland he saw an Arab visitor throw a piece of trash on the pavement. A second later a Swiss picked it up and dropped it in a bin. In Milan he saw a group of municipal workers mix their concrete on plastic sheets so as not to deface the street. In Switzerland again, he said, taxi drivers politely open the car door for passengers but here "we may find ourselves made to open it for the driver."



## Riyadh's BPA

Camera science  
looks at life

By Joyce Prince

RIYADH — Since its earliest applications more than a century ago, photography has been as much science as art. The camera has a precision the eye will sometimes miss. Special high-speed cameras can show the tiny hummingbird suspended in flight. They can reveal information about the path of a bullet as it leaves a gun. Cameras can go where men cannot yet probe, to the deepest reaches of sea and space.

The camera's precision has proved invaluable to medicine and biology, and the practice of biological photography is still a fast-evolving field.

Like all sciences, this specialist form of photography has its own association, a society where people who communicate inaudibly with nature through the complexities of the lens can share their unique language.

A local chapter of the Biological Photographers Association was recently formed in Riyadh, the first of its kind in the Middle East. Though it boasts a membership of only seven people, its charter embraces the whole of Saudi Arabia, and chapter president Dick Massey is confident it will grow.

"The new local chapter of the BPA expects to help its members become more knowledgeable in this field of expertise by providing a mechanism where members can exchange ideas, guide each other in selected areas of work experiences and give advice on equipment and such," Massey said.

Biological photography is a research field, and involves much more than sitting in a game blind toying with a fast shutter speed. Its credo is accuracy, fidelity to the highly sophisticated elements of life forms. A biological photographer is as likely to be working with a microscope as a zoom lens in the bush.

The BPA is an international organization. There are 24 chapters and over a thousand members in the United States and Canada. There are educational programs run through the association, for both beginners and accomplished masters. There are annual meetings, run with the trappings of academia, where papers are presented, workshops held, panels gathered for discussions and, true to their science, unique exhibits displayed.

## Dick Massey

Massey is a professional. He works as a medical photographer at King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center. Before coming to Saudi Arabia a year ago, he was employed as the director of medical photography at St. Joseph's Medical Center in Burbank, California. His credits are manifold: a Medical World News Award for a color print of a polycystic kidney; a BPA Education Award; first place in the specimen color print category of the Professional Salon, Focus 77 in Baltimore, Maryland. In trade circles, he is known as the subject of a feature article in the October 1977 issue of the BPA journal.

Massey is not just a professorial technician with a laboratory smock. He edits "The Underwater Photographer," and uses every spare weekend to keep up his scuba diving and underwater photography.

BPA, in conjunction with the recognized medical and dental professional societies of North America, sponsors a tutorial program aimed at helping members gain certification as registered biological photographers. Terry Webb, another medical photographer at the King Faisal Specialist Hospital, is the only registered biological photographer at present in Saudi Arabia. He is the president of the newly-formed Riyadh BPA chapter.

"You don't need to be employed as a professional photographer to become a member of the chapter," explains Massey, "but membership is not open to just anyone with an interest in photography. Members should be persons who have spent some time in the field of biological photography and who have a real desire to share their work and offer helpful assistance."

Massey said he would like to see the chapter widen its scope to include more than just medical photography.

## The local BPA

Future meetings of the Saudi Arabian Biological Photographers Association will include workshops and teaching seminars and from time to time special sessions will be held. A newsletter will be published informing the members of events and up-to-date happenings in the field. A slide show about Riyadh and the area around it, including examples of flora and fauna of Central Arabia with background music, will be available to service groups, as well as guest speakers.

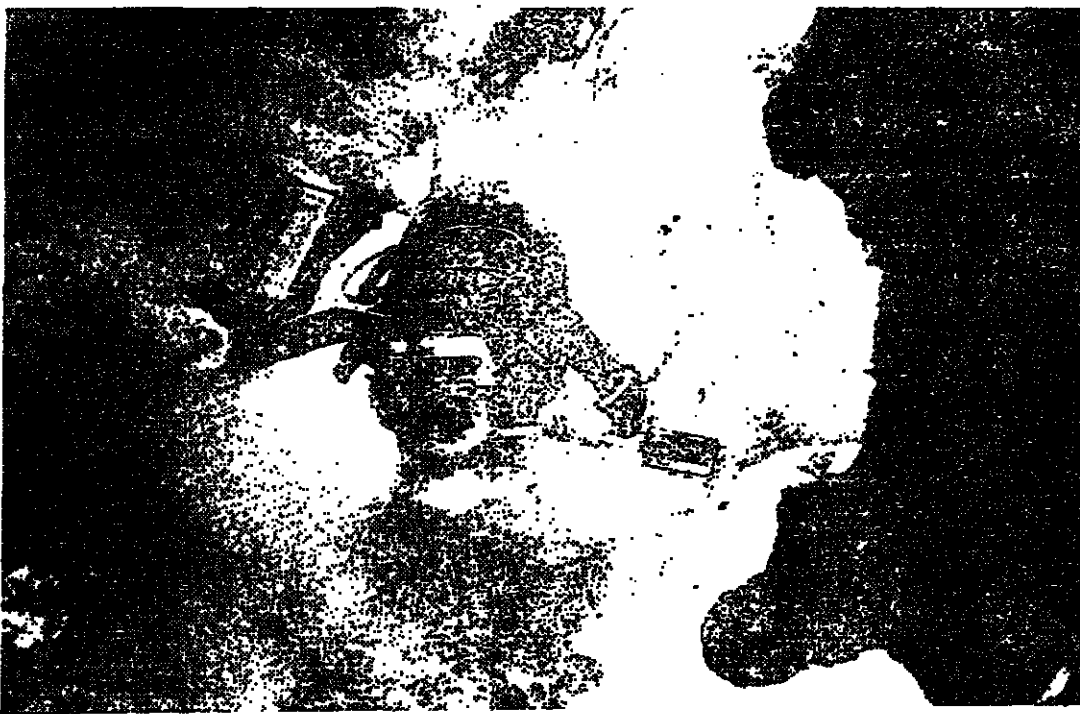
Further information about BPA and membership applications can be obtained from Massey, c/o King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, Audio-Visual Department, P.O. Box: 3354, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.



Camels of Saudi Arabia — by Dick Massey



Portrait of an elephant in the wild — by Ray Wingert



Photography in an underwater cave near Jeddah — by Dick Massey



Filming a plastic surgery technique — photo by Terry Webb



Dick Massey



Piri dish — by Terry Webb

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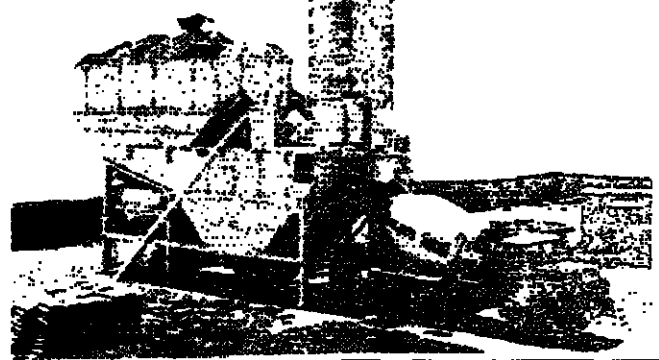
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# Detroit's Arabs bring the Middle East to the Middle West

By Warren Brown  
DETROIT, Michigan — Nearly 85 per cent of the grocery stores in Detroit have Arabic-speaking owners.

Two of the largest United Auto Workers Union locals in the U.S., both in this area, have significant Arab-speaking memberships.

The neighboring suburb of Dearborn, long regarded as an anti-minority enclave, has so many low-income Arabic-speaking residents that it is petitioning the federal government to reclassify them from Caucasian to a special designation. This would help them receive more federal aid.

When fighting erupts in pla-

ces like Lebanon, the Arabic-speaking community here can be counted on to contribute hundreds of thousands of dollars to victims of the violence.

In short, without anyone planning it, the Detroit area has become the new Lebanon, the new Iraq, the new Syria — the Middle East of the Middle West.

Of the nearly 2 million Arabic-speaking people in the United States, an estimated 125,000 — the largest single group of Arab descendants and new immigrants in the country — live in metropolitan Detroit.

They can be found in the upper-income neighborhoods

of Detroit's east side, or in some of the poor neighborhoods on the west side of the city.

Some, like John (Johnny) Abdo, a Lebanese, work in the executive suites of the big automobile companies. Others, like the Yemeni workers in Dearborn's south end, labor on assembly lines at the Ford Motor Co.'s Rouge plant, in what they call Bilad Al-Aalab As-Sareah, the land of the fast-moving machine.

Most came seeking some kind of financial success. Many found it. Others became a part of the Detroit area's 8.2 percent unemployment rate.

They can be found in the upper-income neighborhoods

Seeking success  
Many of the Arabic-speaking immigrants long to go home. They spend hours talking about it, dreaming about it. But they don't go.

Instead, they settle in — usually grouping themselves along the same national, religious, regional and kinship lines that marked their lives in the Middle East.

They are a proud people, keenly aware of their differences, reluctant to acknowledge their similarities. They embody most of the tensions and emotions that ever contributed to trouble in the Middle East. Many have brought their anger, prejudices and fears with them.

They have also brought their food, their music, their dance. In Dearborn's South End, for example, Arab immigrants have turned grimy American city streets into a Middle East phantasmagoria.

Arab men trek to the Dearborn mosque for noontime prayers. In the shops, the men talk, argue, bargain in Arabic.

Coffeehouses flourish in the poor and working class Arabic-speaking neighborhoods, especially in Dearborn. They are places to wait for word of a job. If you work, they are places to stop before going home to one of the crowded tenements near the automobile plants.

The coffeehouse is a male domain. Men sit there for hours sipping the thick, black Turkish brew from demitasse cups. Women appear infrequently — in the coffeehouses, the shops, anywhere in public.

Early beginnings

Arabic-speaking people began coming to the Detroit area in 1890, lured by the promise of social and financial stability. Most of the early settlers were Lebanese Maronites. Their initial success in setting up small businesses, combined with the availability of work in the rapidly growing automobile industry, helped attract larger and more varied groups of Arab immigrants to Detroit.

## Knuckles, ice cream at Khobar

AL-KHOBAR — Knuckles the Clown will be the ringmaster and children of all ages are invited to participate in the fun and games at the Al-Khobar Children's Festival, to be held from November 16-24 at the Al-Gosaibi Hotel.

Two puppet shows will be given every day of the event, and cartoons will run in the hotel's Imperial Room, newly transformed into a child's dream: free ice cream, cotton candy and soft drinks for kids as they play on the big rocking horse, with the punching bag, train set and other super-toys that have been donated for the occasion by local merchants.

In the nearby Ambassador Room, those merchants will set up exhibit stands to display items which are available for children in the area, including clothing, sports equipment, children's books and comics, electric gadgets and, of course, toys. They will be permitted to sell their goods to mothers and fathers, and promise to have small items on hand which the children themselves can purchase if they wish. In addition, free mystery presents will be given to each child, and a grand drawing for ten big prizes will be held on closing day.

The Children's Festival is the first such event to be held in the area, and organizers at the Al-Gosaibi say response so far has been enthusiastic. Parents (and children!) will have two chances to preserve the occasion: Knuckles will pose for polaroid shots and Korean artist Choe Kil Yop will do charcoal line drawings from photos taken on the spot. Choe says he will look at the child, take his picture and then do the artwork, rather than sketch from life, because he foresees the improbability of coaxing a pint-sized subject into standing still in the midst of such activity.

Doors will be open at the Children's Festival every day from three to six p.m. Entry ticket is \$R5 per person, big or small.

## Slim looks of old Nile and '40s

By Peggy Massin

PARIS — Paris spring and summer ready-to-wear collections, presented last month bring back generous portions of the body beautiful.

New silhouettes started deep-cut strapless necklines, cinched waists, rounded hips, shorter hemlines and skinny skirts slit up the sides or unbuttoned in front.

Hot pants and city shorts returned with opaque tights and saucy high-heeled shoes.

Everything was slim and body-conscious beneath the exaggerated padding at the shoulders, which occasionally appeared rather aggressive. The new idea picked up by everyone was a strapless camisole top worn under bellhop jackets or solo as the bodice of a dress.

Padded whalebone

Karl Lagerfeld's collection for Chloe had this in almost every ensemble, featured with padded whalebone stays through the midriff. Chloe also emphasized the rounded hipline and hourglass silhouette. Everything was belted as well and slimming merchants will have a heyday with anyone who wants to wear these newest looks.

Many old looks revived from the 1940s and 1950s appeared in broad shoulders, nipped waists, slit skirts and especially in the hats and accessories.

Jewellery was flagrantly false with enormous glittering motifs in rhinestones, shiny plastic matching the wide belts at Chloe or playing up nautical or Egyptian themes.

Over-all trends divided into various categories such as the Egyptian costumes featured at Kenzo, Chinese influence with coolie hats, dragons and birds in many colors or embroidery plastered across the front or back, sailor suits and nautical adaptations and the prevalent mood of retrospection.

Nile queens

Queens of the Nile were everywhere with gilt snakes replacing conventional shoulder straps, Cleopatra's fluted corolla collars and bib necklaces, swathed hiplines and sphinx coiffures with shoulder length hair trimmed with tiny braids and jeweled head bands.

Many of Yves Saint Laurent's sporty separates and Montana's pant suits joined the navy. There were pea jackets and sailor pants with square yokes outlined in front with buttons.

Hemlines were definitely on upbeat ranging from Chloe's skirts above the knees to Saint Laurent's lengths just under. Mini-dresses made an occasional appearance with shorts.

Trousers slimmed down along with dress silhouettes. Most styles were cut short above the ankle bones.

They were nearly always worn with high-heeled shoes such as Saint Laurent's two-toned spectator pumps and often teamed to a dress or tunic.

Bathing suits appeared for evening wear, slated for summer resorts, patios and pool-side parties. Chloe and Saint Laurent both showed clinging one-piece swim suits with cut-outs in front and deeply-bared backs worn with printed silk pareos or sarong skirts. — (R)



Turkish delight, chiffon evening dress by Carol Lee of London



Egyptian hair styling



Sophistication from Anna Beltrac of London

Another major force behind the migration has been war. In recent times particularly the Arab-Israeli conflict, the revolutions in North and South Yemen and the current fighting in Lebanon have swelled the immigrant flow.

Many of them fight a different battle here.

Traditional native minorities and working class whites frequently grumble that the rich Arabs are taking their jobs. Many blacks in Detroit's inner city can be heard complaining about the Arab stores in much

the same way they complained about the Jew-boy stores that preceded them. In the 1967 Detroit riots, many stores belonging to Arabic-speaking owners were burned.

Some unkind epithets are applied to the Arabic-speaking immigrants by blacks and whites.

Some of the immigrants return the taunts.

Detroit officials say it is difficult to determine exactly what portion of the city's 1.3 million population is made up of Arabic-speaking people, be-

cause of the constant stream of new Arab immigrants into and out of the city.

"Some of them, though we think it's a very small number, may be coming in illegally," said one aide to Detroit Mayor Coleman Young.

"Others come on work and student visas. Others stay in Detroit for a little while before moving in with friends and relatives in one of the suburbs, or before going somewhere else in the country," the aide said.

Brothers and jobs

Dearborn officials say Arabic-speakers account for nearly 13 percent of the suburb's 94,000.

"We're getting an influx of Arabic-speaking immigrants and we're really beginning to feel it in areas like employment and housing," said Nick Thomas, Dearborn's development director.

"A lot of them come seeking their brethren, and looking for jobs in the automobile factories. Many find their brethren, but not all of them find jobs," he said.

About 25 percent of Dearborn's Arabic-speaking population is unemployed. Thomas said they have a lot of problems and needs that are difficult to handle because, by census bureau standards, they are classified as Caucasian.

"To be quite frank with you," he continued, "a lot of them like to be classified that way. But the way things work with federal funding, we would have a much better chance of helping them if we could change their classification."

Thomas said he and local Arabic-speaking leaders want the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare to at least give a special designation to first generation Arab immigrants who have language, employment, housing

and other adjustment problems.

"That's what they did for the Vietnamese. We think they should do the same thing for our Arabic-speaking friends," he said.

But many of the Arabic-speaking immigrants are too proud to take any help.

Family unity

"They would much prefer to depend on one another," said Nabil Abraham, a Palestinian and Arabic studies specialist.

"If one is working, he is expected to help his friends or relatives until they can find work ... A lot of them, like the Yemenis, would go without a lot of things you and I wouldn't go without just to

they can save money and send it back home. For many of them, that is their main purpose for being here," he said.

That same interdependence paid off handsomely for Detroit's Chaldean immigrants, from Iraq. When the big chain stores began moving out of the inner city in pursuit of the suburban dollar, Chaldean family groups moved in to fill the void. They now control about 85 percent of Detroit's grocery stores.

The Chaldean's grip on the city's stores has been a sore spot for many Detroit blacks, who complained that they were prevented from taking over the stores, while the new immigrants were given a chance.

However, a 1976 study by the Detroit Urban League showed that the intense family cooperation among the Chaldeans contributed to their success more than anything else.

"We found that the Chaldeans didn't have the same problems that hurt blacks who tried to take over the stores," said Winston Lang, deputy director of the Detroit League.

— (WP)

## KIOSK

A potpourri of events and activities from around the Kingdom.

### JEDDAH

Thursday, Nov. 16: American Ladies of Jeddah Bazaar, Handicrafts, baked goods, gifts of all kinds. At Players Playhouse, 7 p.m. — 9 p.m.

Thursday, Nov. 16 — Thursday, Nov. 30: Electronics exhibition, featuring all types of home entertainment centers. At the Jeddah Dome. Hours: 5 p.m. — 10 p.m.

Saturday, Nov. 18: Hejaz Choral Society weekly meeting. Details, contact Jean Brown, telephone 52544, extension 299.

Monday, Nov. 20: Jeddah Fine Arts Society monthly meeting. Program will be "Arabian Architecture in Spain," by Leyla Farra. At the British Embassy club room, 7:30 p.m. Details, phone 53638.

Tuesday, Nov. 21: Jeddah Gardening Club meeting. Meet at the American Embassy at 1:30 p.m., before going to Mrs. Moren's villa.

Thursday, Nov. 23: Thanksgiving dinner. At the Sands Hotel, by the pool, 5 p.m. Adults: SR 75, children SR 50. Information and reservations, phone 57994.

### RIYADH

Thursday, Nov. 16: International folk dancing group, with Arab, French, German, Mexican, Greek, English, etc. dances taught. Will meet on first and third Thursdays each month. At the SANG compound, recreational building, 7:30 — 9:30 p.m.

Saturday, Nov. 18: Men's meeting for Riyadh choral groups. No. training necessary. At the Bechtel office, 7:30 p.m. Women's meeting on Nov. 20, same location and time. Details, call Harlan Turner, 61785.

### DHAHRAN

Thursday, Nov. 16 — Friday, Nov. 24: Al-Khobar Children's Festival. Puppet shows, cartoons, toyland, free ice cream, displays of children's goods. At the Al-Gosaibi Hotel, 3 p.m. — 6 p.m. Tickets: SR 5.

# If money is news to you

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NOVEMBER 1978

## Lakers defeat Bucks for 10th straight win

NEW YORK, Nov. 15 (AP)—The Los Angeles Lakers extended the longest winning streak of the National Basketball Association season to 10 games by whipping the Milwaukee Bucks, 137-119, Tuesday night.

Meanwhile, the New Jersey Nets foiled Philadelphia's bid for a 10th consecutive victory with a 124-108 decision over the 76ers.

Elsewhere, M. Monroe broke the record for game appearances and provided the emotional impetus that led the New York Knicks past the Denver Nuggets, 106-100, the Indiana Pacers bowed to the San Diego Clippers, 109-106, for their 23rd straight loss on the West Coast, the Washington Bullets dealt the Cleveland Cavaliers their fifth loss in a row, 122-106, and the Portland Trail Blazers won their seventh in a row at home, beating the New Orleans Jazz, 123-103.

Lakers 137, Bucks 119  
Adrian Dantley hit on 12 of 13 shots from the field and scored 34 points for the Lakers, while Kareem Abdul-Jabbar added a season-high 30 points.

Nets 124, 76ers 108  
Reserves Eddie Jordan and Phil Jackson combined for 16 points at the start of the fourth quarter to lead New Jersey over Philadelphia. The victory avenged the Nets' 137-133 double overtime loss to the 76ers last week.

Jordan scored 10 of his 14 points in a 19-6 burst that broke game open. Philadelphia is now 10-2, while the Nets, the worst team in the league last year, are 11-6—the fifth-best mark in the entire league.

Knicks 106, Nuggets 100

Monroe received a one-minute standing ovation from the Madison Square Garden crowd of 16,728 when he was introduced before the game and although he played just 10 minutes and scored only two points his presence—and the response he drew from the crowd—gave the Knicks a big lift.

Ray Williams scored 26 points and Bob McAdoo added 25 for New York, which led through nearly all the second half but did not put the game away until Toby Knight and Williams hit baskets in the final two minutes.

Clippers 109, Pacers 106  
Kermit Washington scored, a career high of 29 points and Lloyd Free added 26 points as San Diego snapped a three-game losing streak by handing Indiana its fourth loss in a row. Baskets by Free and backcourtmate R. Smith late in the game sealed the victory.

Bullets 122, Cavaliers 106  
Cleveland dropped its fifth game in a row and 11th in the last 12 games as Elvin Hayes scored 26 points for Washington. Bobby Dandridge 25 and Kevin Grevey 24. The Bullets led 57-41 at midway and by as many as 20 points in the third period.

Blazers 123, Jazz 103  
Maurice Lucas scored 14 of his 22 points in the first period as Portland broke in front 37-28 and the Jazz never caught up. Portland gradually stretched the lead to 97-74 going into the final period. Rookie Mychal Thompson added 21 points for the Blazers.

### World Cup architect

## Germany bids goodbye to Schoen



CUP-WINNER: Schoen takes members of this year's national squad through a coaching point earlier this year.

FRANKFURT, West Germany, Nov. 15 (R) — West Germany Wednesday night will say farewell to Helmut Schoen, the man who made it the most successful footballing nation in the world.

The lanky figure with the flat cap, familiar in soccer stadiums around the world, will make his last official appearance in Frankfurt where West Germany meets Hungary in a friendly.

Schoen, 63, inspired West Germany to an unrivalled series of triumphs in a 14-year managerial reign which began in November, 1964.

The climax was World Cup victory on home soil in 1974. But Schoen also piloted West Germany to victory in the 1972 European Championship final, second place in the 1966 World Cup, third place in the 1970 World Cup and second place in the 1976 European Championship.

He had wanted to quit after winning the World Cup, his finest moment. "It wasn't an act of cowardice or resignation—simply that I wanted to gain my anonymity," he said.

Yugoslavia wins  
SKOPJE, Yugoslavia, Nov. 15 (R) — A new-look Yugoslav team beat Greece 4-1 here Wednesday to reach the final of the Balkan Cup.

Mavros put Greece ahead in the 31st minute.

The win — Yugoslavia's first international success of the year — puts it in the final, in which it will meet Romania who beat it 3-2 in a European Championship game last month.

Yugoslavia, which had five new internationals in the side, dominated the first half but was rocked when Mavros put

Greece ahead after 31 minutes in one of its rare counter-attacks.

Halilhodzic equalized less than two minutes later on a header and Savic put Yugoslavia in front four minutes after the interval.

Halilhodzic scored the third in the 58th minute and then completed the rout and his own hat-trick from the penalty spot after 83 minutes.

### At London tourney

## Gerulaitis battles past young Swiss

WEMBLEY, England, Nov. 15 (AP) — Top-seeded Vitas Gerulaitis of the United States had to fight hard Tuesday night before defeating Swiss teenager Heinz Gunthardt 7-5, 6-3 in the first round of the \$175,000 Benson and Hedges Grand Prix tennis tournament.

Gunthardt, the top Swiss player, was quick about the court and gave Gerulaitis a real battle in the first set before losing ground in the second.

American Roscoe Tanner had a struggle against countryman Tom Gullikson, trailing 1-3 in the final set before winning 6-3.

### French football results

PARIS, Nov. 15 (R) — Results of French First Division soccer games in the 19th round Tuesday night were:  
Monaco 3, Laval 0  
Bordeaux 2, Nice 0  
St. Etienne 3, Angers 1

Sochaux 1, Paris 0  
Metz 3, Bastia 1  
Marseille 1, Lille 1  
Valenciennes 2, Nimes 0  
Nancy 4, Rheims 0  
Paris St. Germain 2, Strasbourg 1  
Nantes 3, Lyons 0

Amateur Athletics Federation (IAAF) that it would not sanction the games track and field program unless Israel were invited.

A council meeting of the Asian Games Federation (AGF) Tuesday passed a resolution that Israel, an AGF member, should be represented instead by two officials at the games opening and closing ceremonies.

The resolution was clearly an attempt to solve the problem caused by the IAAF's ultimatum at its council meeting in Puerto Rico last month, that it would take sanctions against members who participate in the Games if Israel was not invited.

The Bangkok meeting said its action was designed to avoid security problems for Thailand.

Token  
Israeli Olympic Committee President Isaac Ofek told reporters that for the moment Israel rejected the idea of token representation at the games, and said the "security reasons" were merely an "excuse."

"Israel is part of Asia and no amount of money can change that," he said.

Five Arab countries have pledged \$1.2 million for the eighth Asian Games. A Saudi spokesman said earlier the Arab countries did not make the contributions in an attempt "to get Israel out."

IAAF President Adrian Paulen who was invited to the meeting told the press afterwards that he would meet the Israeli committee in Tel Aviv next Tuesday to try to avoid "the ultimate consequences of the AGF decisions."

Unless the Israeli committee decided to accept the proposed compromise, the IAAF position would remain unchanged, Paulen said in a brief statement.

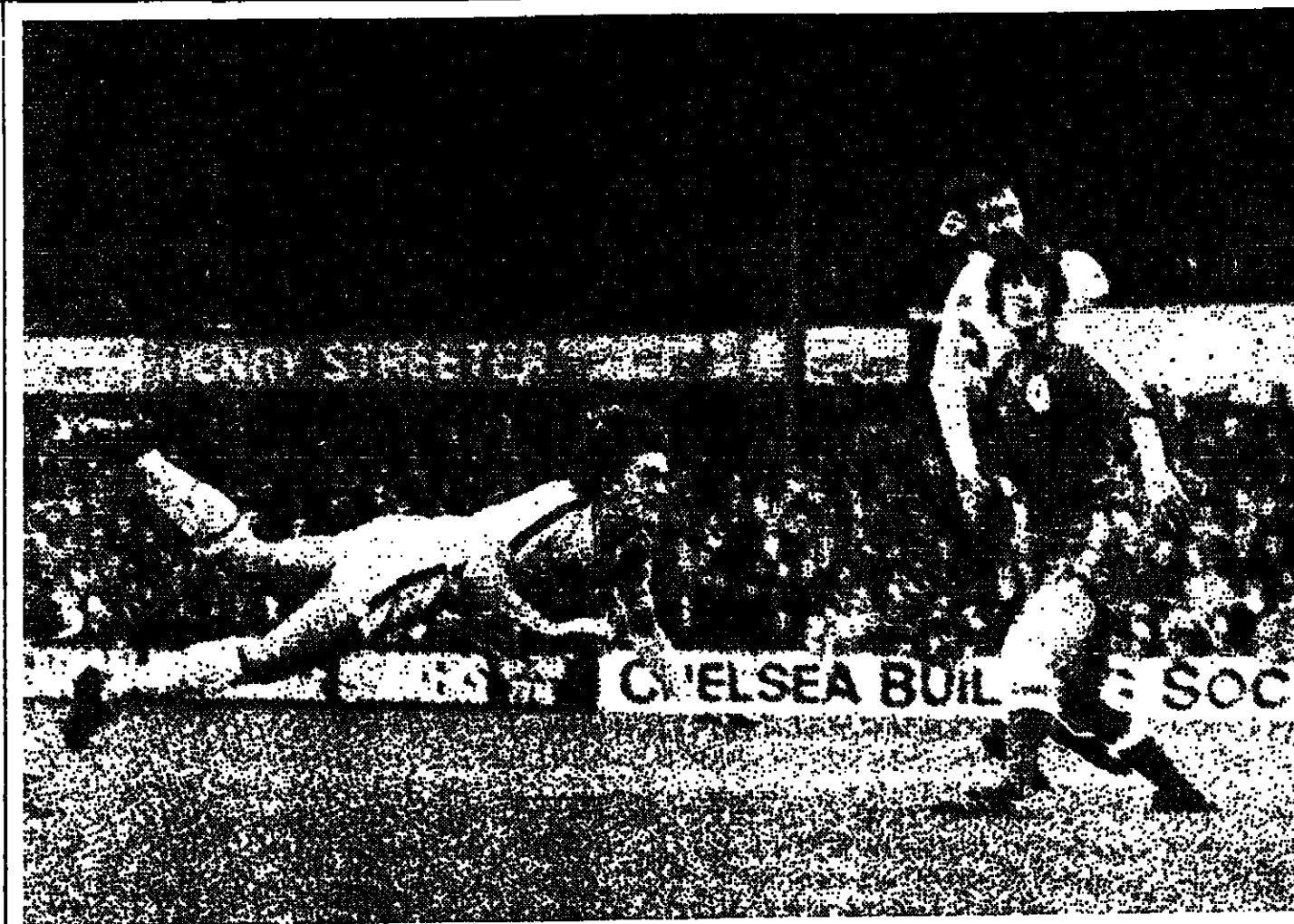
Earlier, second-seeded Eddie Dibbs of the United States easily defeated Frew McMillan of South Africa, 6-3, 6-0.

Dibbs, revelling in the slow surface, displayed his full battery of shots against an out-of-touch opponent.

Three other Americans won first-round ties when the tournament began Tuesday.

Brian Gottfried downed Richard Lewis of Britain, 7-6, 6-0. Sandy Mayer overcame South African Bernie Milton 6-2, 7-6. Dick Stockton eased past Tomas Smid of Czechoslovakia, 6-1, 6-4.

Outstanding  
John McEnroe, fresh from an outstanding tournament victory in Stockholm, was to play his first match later Wednesday against British Davis Cup star David Lloyd.



HEADER: Crystal Palace striker Walsh heads in his team's first goal at the start of Palace's 3-0 rout of Blackburn Rovers at Selhurst Park, London last Saturday.

### IAAF awaits Tel Aviv response

## Asian Games body confirms Israel ban

BANGKOK, Nov. 15 (Agencies) — Asian sports representatives Wednesday confirmed their decision to exclude Israeli athletes from the eighth Asian Games here next month.

The move was taken despite a ruling by the International

### Violated

Paulen also delivered a statement at the AGF meeting in which he reiterated that the action to bar Israel from taking part in the games violated not only the rules of the IAAF but also those of the International Olympic Committee and the AGF itself.

He said Israel should not be penalized for the massacre of its athletes at the Munich Olympics, an incident for which "the country was not responsible."

"This is a serious problem not only for Asia but for the whole world," he added.

Paulen reminded the meeting that Israel had participated in the Montreal Olympics and the last Asian Games in Tehran, and the country had been allowed to go to the Moscow Olympics in 1980.

The meeting Tuesday voted 21-1 for the AGF to stand firm in its previous decision.

The president of the Indian Olympic Committee, Air Chief Marshal O.P. Mehra, said the Asian Games should be maintained as a sports arena, not a security camp as in Tehran in 1974 when Israel took part.

"There's a general fear for security," he said.

## Pakistan not daunted by Indians' tidy 344

KARACHI, Nov. 15 (R) — Splendid batting by Sunil Gavaskar and Kapil Dev took India to a useful first innings total of 344 on the second day of the final cricket Test here Wednesday.

But the Pakistanis hit back strongly with a first wicket stand of 84 between Majid Khan and Mudassar Nazar and by the close were 92 for one.

Gavaskar completed his century after just ten minutes this morning and was out for 111 after 357 minutes at the crease. He has now scored a century against all the countries who play Test cricket.

Classic  
The innings was bolstered by young Kapil Dev who came in at number nine and hit 59 in classic style, sharing a stand of 84 with Karsan Ghavri — an eighth wicket record for India-Pakistan games. He reached his 50 in just 43 minutes.

At lunch, India's score was 242 for four wickets. All six Indian wickets fell between the lunch and tea interval, but India piled up 102 runs, making its position much stronger than expected.

But India must win this match to save the three-match series. Pakistan won the second Test after the first game was drawn.

There will be no play Thursday, as both teams have agreed to rest after two days' play. Action resumes Friday.

West Indies tour  
AP adds from Bombay: West

### Capitals beat Atlanta in NHL

LANDOVER, Maryland, Nov. 15 (AP) — Tom Rowe, scoring a pair of goals, led the Washington Capitals to a 8-7 victory over Atlanta in a National Hockey League game Tuesday.

In New York, Barry Beck's breakaway goal with 2:14 to play gave the Colorado Rockies a 2-2 tie with the Islanders Tuesday night.

Indies cricket captain Alvin Kallicharan says he's not "unduly" worried by the inexperience of his team which arrived this week for a three and a half month tour.

Kallicharan, 29, told a press conference Tuesday that his cricketers were used to "playing on turners and we have some good spin bowlers ourselves."

The present West Indies team has been called the weakest to embark on an international tour. It boasts only one recognized test batsman, Kallicharan, and four members who have not had any Test experience.



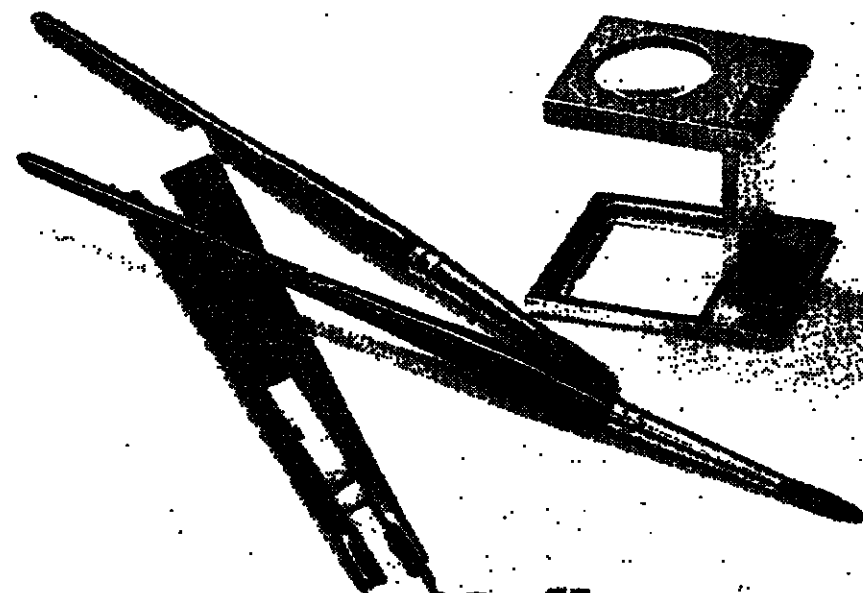
KALICHARRAN: Not too worried

Most of the stronger West Indies batsmen and bowlers like former captain Clive Lloyd, Gordon Greenidge and Andy Roberts have joined Australian tycoon Kerry Packer's World Series cricket.

### Southampton through to League quarters

LONDON, Nov. 15 (R) — In a fourth-round replay in the English League Tuesday night Southampton beat Reading, 2-0. Southampton will be at home to Manchester City in the quarterfinals.

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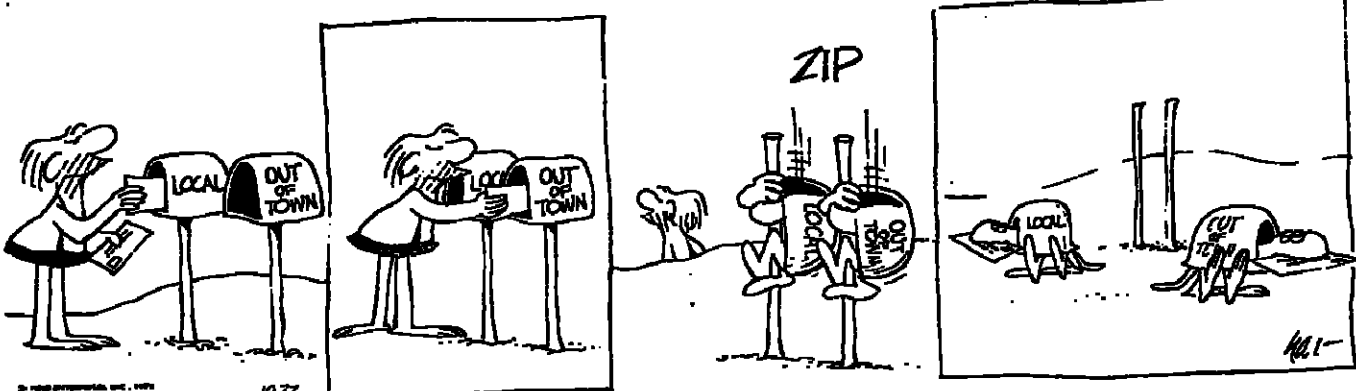


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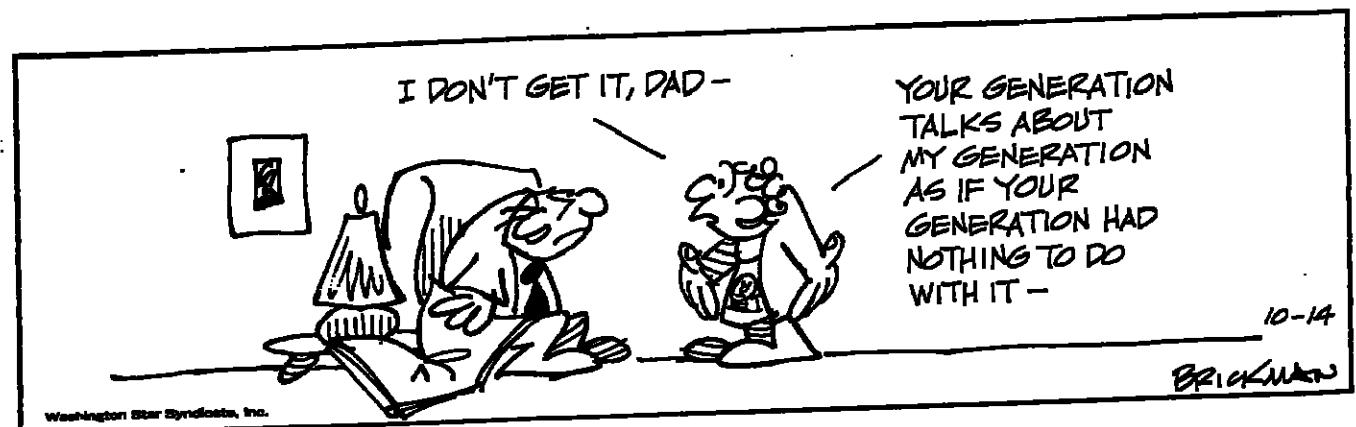
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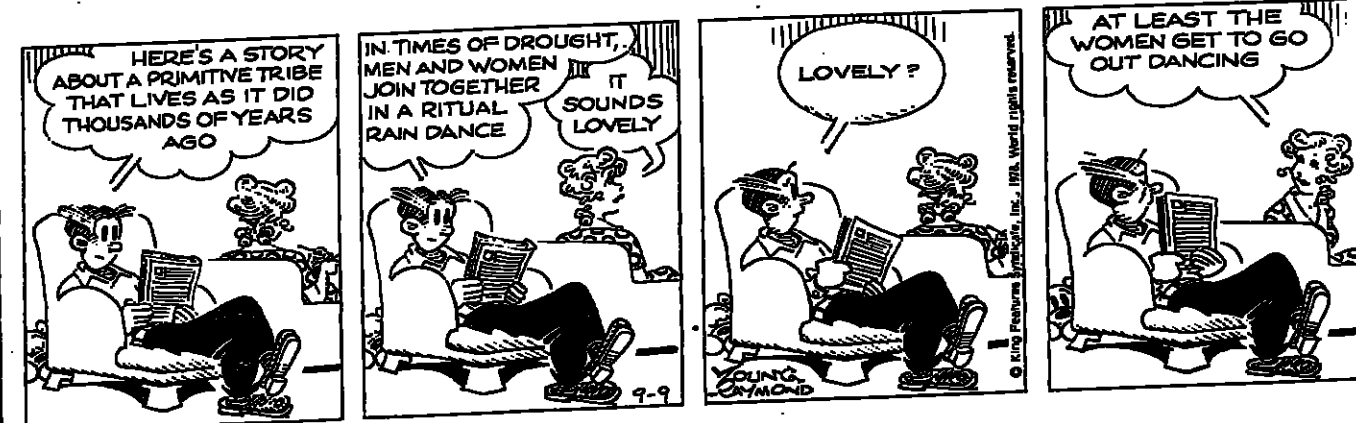
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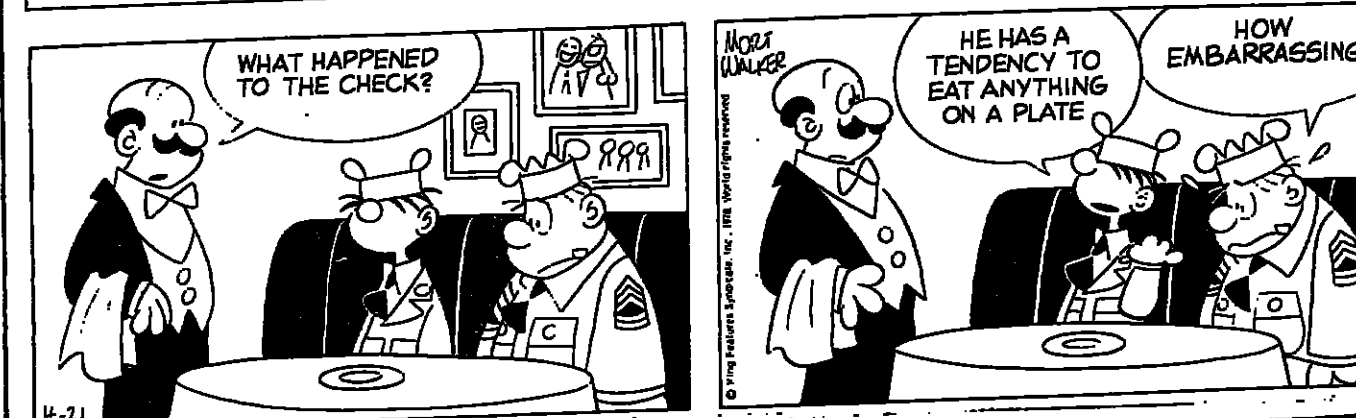
SMALL SOCIETY



BLONDIE



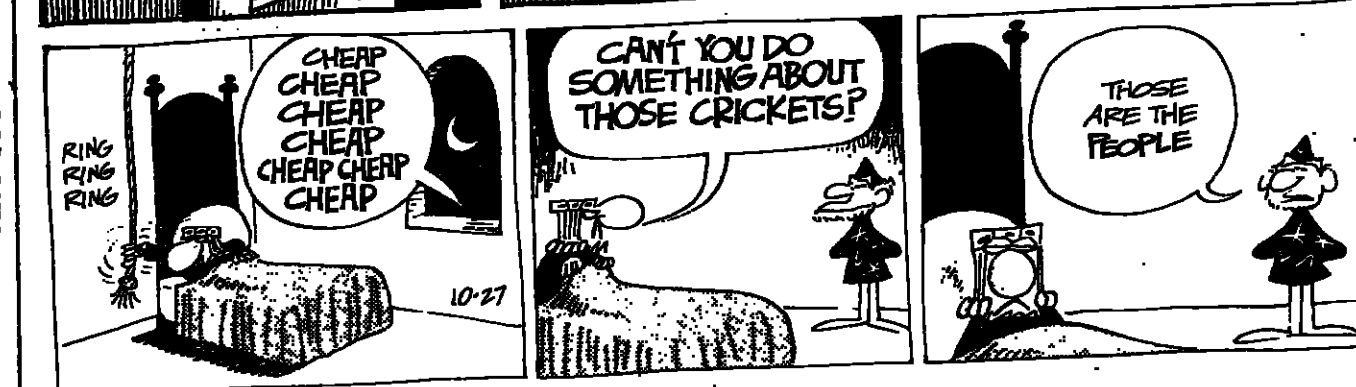
BEETLE BAILEY



HAGAR



WIZARD



# Dennis the Menace



"AND NOW, THIS WORD..." "YEAH... G'BYE!"

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

- 1 In the — of luxury
- 4 Fashionable
- 6 "It's a hit — miss?"
- 9 Child
- 12 Compute
- 13 Prime donna
- 14 Pardon
- 16 Gas-station giveaway
- 17 Bailiff
- 21 Greek township
- 23 Ending for spin or gun
- 28 One of the Ages
- 31 Balaklava weapon
- 34 "This — of Mine" — 1963 song
- 35 Caucasian language
- 36 "Kitty"
- 37 Centrif of song
- 38 End
- 39 Decrepid
- 40 Pups
- 41 Being a drudge
- 42 Give the — to
- 43 — cordial
- 44 Nigerian city

DOWN

- 2 Enjoy "la dolce vita"
- 3 Zeal
- 5 Chaplain
- 8 Quick-witted
- 10 Employment
- 11 Japanese statesman
- 15 Foolish fancy
- 18 Treasure
- 19 Infatuate
- 20 11 Do
- 22 Some are one-eyed
- 24 Reverence
- 25 Weight-watches
- 26 Strauss opera
- 28 Out of the way
- 29 By — of the ages
- 30 One-eyed
- 32 Some are one-eyed
- 33 Grassland

Yesterday's Answer

- 18 Weight-watches
- 25 Strauss opera
- 28 Out of the way
- 29 By — of the ages
- 30 One-eyed
- 32 Some are one-eyed
- 33 Grassland

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXE  
LONGFELLOW

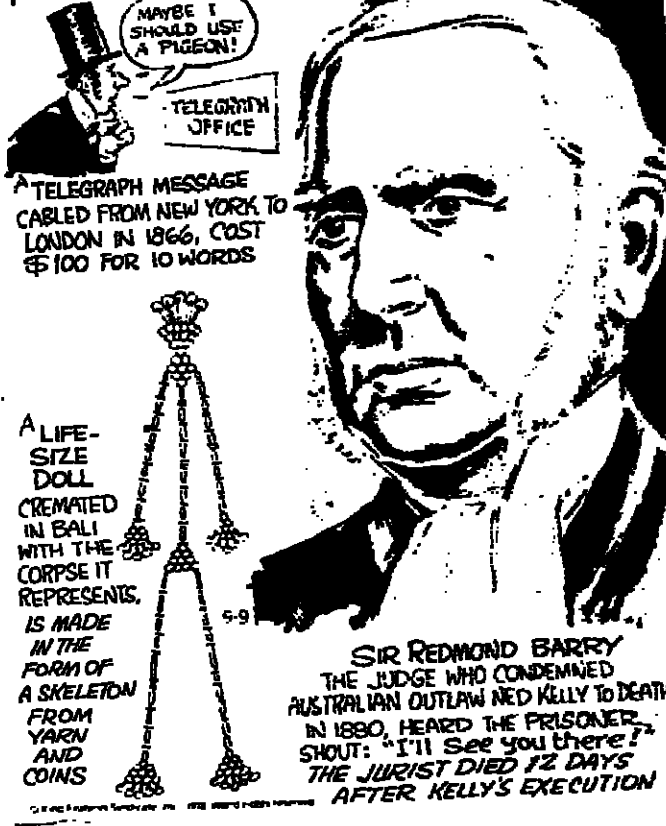
One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

CDNGJ NI HAK HC GJK  
CHZVKI OF MJNVJ UKA  
SNQK: DAP GJK GEGDS DO-  
IKAVE HC NG UKDAI VHS-  
SDLIK — MNSSNDU RDUKI

Yesterday's Cryptquote: FOREVER IN A LOVE AFFAIR, IS AT LEAST OVER THE WEEKEND. — SOURCE UNKNOWN

# Believe It or Not!



SIR REDMOND BARRY THE JUDGE WHO CONDEMNED AUSTRALIAN OUTLAW NED KELLY TO DEATH IN 1880, HEARD THE PRISONER SHOUT: "I'LL SEE YOU THERE! THE JURIST DIED 12 DAYS AFTER KELLY'S EXECUTION"

## Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

The Art of Card Reading

West dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH

18 5  
Q 9 6 2  
J 3  
K 8 6 5

EAST

K Q 9 3  
J 7  
K 10 7 2  
10 7 4 2

SOUTH

A 7 5  
Q A K 8 7 3  
A 5 4  
A Q 5

The bidding:

West North East South  
Pass Pass 1 Pass  
4 Pass Pass  
Pass 4 NT Pass 5

Opening lead — ace of spades.

From a team of four championship players this deal where North-South had to bid exceedingly well to reach their optimum contract of five hearts, and where South had to play exceptionally well to make the contract.

North made a good decision in electing not to pass four spades doubled. East would have either made the contract or gone down one, depending on whether he guessed the location of the jack of diamonds. Four notrump asked South to choose the trump suit, and South naturally chose hearts.

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## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

### PRAYER TIMES

THURSDAY	Fajr	Israq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:15	6:37	12:12	3:23	5:42	7:12
Medina	5:21	6:42	12:15	3:21	5:39	7:09
Nejd	4:46	6:09	11:40	2:47	5:05	6:35

### DHAHRAN TV

3:30 Children's Show	CB Bears: Hard Headed
4:50 Jokers Wild	Hard Hat: Heavy
5:10 Wide World Of Sports	No. 508
6:02 Waltons	Acrobatic Water Ski
6:51 Wel. Bk Kotter	The Big Brother
	One Of Our Sweathogs Is Missing
7:25 Safety Film	Take Notice
7:26 Police Woman	Death Game
8:16 That's My Mama	Cliffons Big Move
8:41 Second Run	Baxter

### WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:  
Fine weather and a slight rise in the temperatures expected all over the Kingdom. Surface winds will blow northeasterly to northwesterly at moderate speed, but will turn southerly over the central region where low-lying clouds may offer chances of light scattered showers.  
Sea conditions will be calm to moderate in the territorial waters.

Wednesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	30	21	Al-Wajh	26	15
Jeddah	28	17	Tabuk	20	04
Riyadh	22	10	Al-Jauf	18	03
Dhahran	26	16	Rafha	22	05
Medina	26	14	Bisha	27	12
Taif	26	11	Abha	21	12

## SAUDI RADIO

Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
2:00 Opening	10:00 Opening
2:01 The Holy Quran	10:01 The Holy Quran
2:05 Gems of Guidance	10:05 Message to the Faithful
2:10 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:10 Light Music
2:15 Music	10:15 NEWS
2:30 On Islam	10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
2:45 Under the Limelight	10:30 Selection of Music
2:55 Music	11:00 World of Machines
3:00 NEWS	11:10 Press Review
3:10 Press Review	11:15 The Stevie Wonder Story
3:15 Music	11:45 Eminent Saudi Arabians
3:20 Music-Machines	12:00 Islamic Contributions
3:30 Close Down	12:15 In the Quiet
	12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
	12:59 Close Down

## VOA

P.M.	News Summary
8:00 News Roundup	12:30 VOA Magazine: America; Science; Cultural; Letter.
8:01 Reports: Actualities	11:00 Special English: News
8:30 Opinion: Analyses	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
8:30 Dateline	
9:00 News Summary	
9:01 News: Feature. The Making of a Nation	
9:30 Special English: News Summary	
9:31 Music USA: (Standards)	
10:00 News Roundup	
10:01 Reports: Actualities	
10:15 Opinion: Analyses	

## BBC

Morning Transmission	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:00 World News	5:15 Report on Religion
8:09 *Twenty-Four Hours. News Summary	6:00 Radio Newsreel
8:30 *Sarah Ward	6:15 *Outlook
8:45 World Today	7:00 World News
9:00 Newsdesk	7:09 Commentary
9:30 *Opera Star	7:15 *Sherlock Holmes
10:00 World News	7:45 World Today
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours. News Summary	8:00 World News
10:30 *Sarah Ward	8:09 *Books and Writers
10:45 *Something to Show You	8:30 *Take One
11:00 World News	8:45 Sports Round-up
11:09 Reflections	9:09 News about Britain
11:15 Piano Style	9:15 Radio Newsreel
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	9:30 Farming World
12:00 World News	10:00 Outlook News Summary
12:09 British Press Review	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:15 World Today	10:43 Look Ahead
12:30 Financial News	10:45 Ulster in Focus
12:40 Look Ahead	11:00 World News
12:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
Evening Transmission	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
1:15 Ulster in Focus	Midnight Transmission
1:30 Discovery	12:15 Talkabout
2:00 World News	12:45 Nature Notebook
2:09 News about Britain	1:00 World News
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Cuiros	1:09 World Today
2:30 Sports International	1:25 Financial News
3:00 Radio Newsreel	1:35 Book Choice
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:40 Reflections
3:45 Sports Round-up	1:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News	2:00 World News
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	2:09 Commentary
	2:15 The Face of England

## Your Individual Horoscope

FOR RELEASE THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth Sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 20) ♈  
Indecision rules — one minute this way, one minute that. It's no time to be pinned down to a decision. Do what is necessary to stall for time.

TAURUS (Apr. 21 to May 21) ♉  
Don't let ambition cause you to overlook someone lower down on the ladder. A slight could spark the beginning of a problem that could grow serious, slowing your progress.

GEMINI (May 22 to June 21) ♊  
Your impulsiveness is a delightful trait — but keep it under control or you could talk yourself right into trouble.

CANCER (June 22 to July 22) ♋  
Better days are coming, starting right now. This is an excellent time to undertake new activities that promise business and social success.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 23) ♌  
There just doesn't seem time to do everything you hope to accomplish today. Efficient planning plus your unusual vitality will get you through.

VIRGO (Aug. 24 to Sept. 23) ♍  
Keep an eye on money and avoid tendencies to be careless with it. Don't do anything extravagant — avoid an urge to gamble with big or small stakes.

LIBRA (Sept. 24 to Oct. 23) ♎  
In moments of need, you always are ready and willing to help those you love. Today offer a helping hand for no other reason other than to show your care.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24 to Nov. 22) ♏  
Your artistic talent should make this a very creative day... for a bonus, a loving evening is in your forecast.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23 to Dec. 21) ♐  
If you could get away from relatives whose problems weigh you down, you would be a free spirit. Tonight you need a break from drudgery.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) ♑  
Today you will hear from one of the many people who have your best interests at heart. Loving vibrations surround you because you are special.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) ♒  
Your ability to shrug off problems comes in handy. Bouncy optimism will carry a day that starts off badly.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) ♓  
Material things occupy you today — good clothing, the right restaurants, a suitable address, etc. Don't put overdone emphasis on status symbols.



**a complete advertising advisory  
production and creative service**



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# arab news

# International Finance

## International Bourse, commodities, Money and Exchange Rates



**INDUSTRIAL  
GASES PRODUCTION  
CAN MAKING  
SHIPBUILDING  
HONDA PRODUCTS  
YANMAR PRODUCTS**

**ABDULLAH HASHIM ESTS.**  
**JEDDAH MECCA RIYADH DAMMAM**  
**32065-32411 25603 28032-23592 24720-24730**

## SHARE INFORMATION

NEW YORK			Fairchild Camera		29 1/2		29 1/2		PanAm World Air		4 1/2		7 1/2	
			Fed. Dept. Stores		34		34		Parker Hannifin		24 1/2		24 1/2	
			Flintco		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pashby Int'l		21 1/2		21 1/2	
			First Nat. Mortg.		25 1/2		25 1/2		Peapack		21 1/2		21 1/2	
			Flint Van		16 1/2		16 1/2		Perry J. C.		33 1/2		33 1/2	
			Flintco		26 1/2		26 1/2		Pennwalt		26 1/2		26 1/2	
			Florida Gas		25 1/2		25 1/2		People's Gas		25 1/2		25 1/2	
			Fluor		32 1/2		32 1/2		Pepco Gas		32 1/2		32 1/2	
			Ford Motor		26 1/2		26 1/2		Pepsi-Cola		25 1/2		25 1/2	
			Foremost Mkt.		18 1/2		18 1/2		Pet		54 1/2		54 1/2	
			Foshell		11 1/2		11 1/2		Phillips 66		24 1/2		24 1/2	
			Franklin Mint		7 1/2		7 1/2		Phillips Petroleum		16 1/2		16 1/2	
			Freight Mineral		25 1/2		25 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Franchise		17 1/2		17 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Fragrances		9 1/2		9 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			G.A.P.		10 1/2		10 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Amer. Int.		9 1/2		9 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			G.E.		25 1/2		25 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Dynamics		7 1/2		7 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Electric		24 1/2		24 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Motors		24 1/2		24 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			General Foods		31 1/2		31 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			General Mills		29 1/2		29 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			General Motors		24 1/2		24 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Pub. Util.		17 1/2		17 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Sgm.		25 1/2		25 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Tel. Equip.		28 1/2		28 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Tire		33 1/2		33 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gen. Tire		33 1/2		33 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Georgia Pacific		25 1/2		25 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Greenhouse		24 1/2		24 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf Oil		24 1/2		24 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
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			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
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			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
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			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	
			Gulf & Western		12 1/2		12 1/2		Pittman		27 1/2		27 1/2	

## INTERNATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGES

[illegible]

## LONDON STOCKS

MINING STOCKS

	Stock	November 13	November 10
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COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL

Stock	November 13	November 10
Allied Beverages...	83 1/4	82 1/2
Babcock & Wilcox...	150	147
Barbey-Bank Corp.	147	142 1/2
Beech Aircraft...	64 1/2	63 1/2
BICC...	125 1/2	125 1/2
Blue Circle...	253 1/2	251 1/2
Borden Chemical...	60 1/2	60 1/2
B.O.M. Co. Ltd.	193 1/2	192 1/2
Bozell Chemicals...	173 1/2	171 1/2
Boys' T. Industries...	26 1/2	26 1/2
Britannia Metals...	12	11 1/2
British Columbia...	41 1/2	41 1/2
Canadair Shipways...	53	53
Canamco Ltd.	141 1/2	141 1/2
Courtsmills...	114	113
De La Rue Co.	379 1/2	380 1/2
Diamond Shamrock...	284	286
Dunlop Holdings...	66 1/2	66
EMI...	150 1/2	152 1/2
Enbridge Gas...	31 1/2	31 1/2
General Accident...	196 1/2	194
General Electric...	100 1/2	100 1/2
Glass Holdings...	53 1/2	53 1/2
Grand Metropolitan...	184 1/2	183 1/2
Gu. Gulf, Suez Canal...	212 1/2	211 1/2
GKN...	228 1/2	228 1/2
Hawker Kingston...	243 1/2	243 1/2
Hover "A"...	112	112
ICI...	364 1/2	364 1/2
Imperial Group...	91 1/2	90 1/2
Inland Empire...	112	112
Lloyds Bank...	257 1/2	257 1/2
Lundbeck Refs.	82 1/2	82 1/2
Lundin (Industries)...	292 1/2	292 1/2
Metal Box Ltd.	312	310
Millfields...	347 1/2	347 1/2
Nat. Westminster...	269 1/2	267 1/2
P & O...	84 1/2	82 1/2
Plessey Co.	86 1/2	86 1/2
Placer Dome...	107	104 1/2
Pratt & Whitney...	127	124 1/2
Ranch Organization...	232	230
Reckitt & Coleman...	449 1/2	439 1/2
Reed International...	152 1/2	152 1/2
Rite Time Zinc Corp.	236 1/2	231 1/2
Royal Insurance...	347 1/2	347 1/2
S&W Chemicals...	30 1/2	30 1/2
Sat. Ch'n Ry. Electrical Ind.	398 1/2	398 1/2
Shaw-Walker...	118 1/2	118 1/2
Thorn Electrical Ltd.	352	350
Tote Investments...	372	372
United News...	124 1/2	124 1/2
UNG Group...	90	90
Victory...	191 1/2	192 1/2
Woolworth (F.W.)...	66 1/2	66 1/2
Anglo-Amer. Corp.	383	398
Anglo Amer. Gold...	21 1/4	21 1/4
Ayer-Holmes Inc.	34 1/2	34 1/2
Barrick Gold...	213 1/2	229
Bygonia-Gold Corp.	397 1/2	392 1/2
Calumet & Hecla...	22	22
Bruffen...	97 1/2	97 1/2
Chalks Petroleum...	11 1/2	11 1/2
Clarus...	122 1/2	122 1/2
Consol. Gold Fields...	171 1/2	171 1/2
De Beers Cons. Mines...	353	353
Free State Cons. Mines...	355	355
East Dickinson...	59	58 1/2
First State Cons. Mines...	91 1/2	91 1/2
General Mining...	16 1/2	15 1/2
Goldfields of S.A....	16 1/2	16 1/2
Hartley...	302 1/2	302 1/2
Havtes...	16 1/2	16 1/2
Imperial Cons. Mines...	16 1/2	16 1/2
Kathleen Gold Mining...	700	675
Leslie & Gouven...	46 1/2	46 1/2
London Consolidated...	6 1/2	6 1/2
Millard & Resources...	152 1/2	157
Mineral Brand...	518 1/2	514 1/2
Pandora...	59 1/2	58 1/2
Ross Cons. Mines '87...	68 1/2	68 1/2
Selection Trust...	91 1/2	91 1/2
Selection Trust...	438	436
Steehorne Holdings...	518 1/2	516 1/2
Tanganika Copper...	163 1/2	163 1/2
Union Corporation...	268	258
Van Rensselaer Cons. Mines...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Wellman...	32 1/2	32 1/2
West African...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Western Deep...	510 1/2	510 1/2
Western Holdings...	23 1/2	23 1/2
Winnipeg Mining...	81 1/2	81 1/2
Zandvoort...	282 1/2	282 1/2
Zambian Copper Inc.	12 1/2	12 1/2

November 13

LONDON CLOSING OIL STOCKS

British Petroleum	882
Shell	882
Charterland Ltd.	21 1/2
N.K. International	100 1/2
London & Scottish Marine (Ship)	120
London & Scottish Marine (Ord)	292
Oil Exploration	15 1/2
Pratt & Whitney	15 1/2
Petrol Dutch Petroleum	68 1/2
Shell	160 1/2
Shell Transport	35 1/2
Tetrahedron	160 1/2
Ultramar	228

November 13

LONDON CLOSING O

المؤشر المالي الوسيط للأسهم والسندات البريطانية  
FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	13	10	7	6	77	77
Government Secs.	67.56	67.92	68.06	68.43	68.35	68.55
Fixed Income	69.20	69.26	69.80	70.05	70.01	70.62
High Yield	67.73	67.71	67.81	68.05	68.05	68.58
Gold Mines	138.1	136.3	135.7	139.1	135.8	136.1
Gold (8-15m)	97.7	96.1	99.3	103.5	100.8	99.7
Oil	57.71	57.78	57.78	57.78	57.78	57.78
Earnings 1/2 Years (+)	15.97	16.47	16.12	16.05	16.20	17.16
P/E Ratio (Mid-40s)	6.13	6.07	6.05	6.06	6.01	6.37
Debt/Equity (mid-10s)	3.73	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89
Equity turnover (x)		76.43	67.85	67.19	67.16	61.92
Equity turnover (x)		14.31	15.24	15.66	12.64	12.98
11.1m. 475.6	11.1m. 472.2	11.1m. 473.2	11.1m. 472.6	11.1m. 473.6	11.1m. 473.6	11.1m. 473.6

\* Based on 52 per cent corporation tax. • NE = 7.84.  
 Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Inv. 1928. Ind. Ord. 1/7/25.  
 Gold Mines 12/9/55. Ex-5 pm index started June, 1972. SE Activity July-Dec. 1942.

HIGHS AND LOWS				SE ACTIVITY	
1978		Since Compilation		Nov.	Nov.
High	Low	High	Low	9	8

Govt. Secs. ....	75/58	68.06	127.4	49.18	Govt-Insured .....	153.7	164.7
.....	(91/11)	(91/106)	(91/175)	.....	Industrial .....	137.3	132.0
Insured Inc. ....	81/27	69.80	158.0	50.33	Speculative .....	24.5	25.6
.....	(91/11)	(91/11)	(281/147)	(31/175)	Total .....	93.5	93.2
Ord. ....	82/5	54.5	54.5	49.4	5-day A/range	.....	.....
.....	(14/6)	(2/3)	(44/73)	(26/604)	CB .....	149.9	158.1
old Minn. ....	204.0	130.3	142.73	33.5	Special .....	128.8	151.6
.....	(14/8)	(5/1)	(22/575)	(26/1071)	Total .....	33.1	36.1
old Minn. ....	132.3	96.3	37.1	54.3	Speculative .....	96.8	101.3
Ex-post 1 .....	(14/8)	(11/4)	(13/75)	(26/1074)			

A.B.N. Bank	11 1/2%	● Anthony Gibbs	11 1/2%
Allied Irish Banks Ltd.	11 1/2%	Greyhound Guaranty	11 1/2%
American Express Co.	11 1/2%	Grindlays Bank	11 1/2%
Amro Bank	11 1/2%	● Guaranty Mason	11 1/2%
A. F. Bank Ltd.	11 1/2%	● Hamburg Bank	11 1/2%
Barclays Bank	11 1/2%	● H.B. Samuel	11 1/2%
Bank of America	11 1/2%	C. Hoare & Co.	11 1/2%
Bank of Australia	11 1/2%	Julian S. Hodge	12 1/2%
Bank of China	11 1/2%	Hong Kong & Shanghai	11 1/2%
Bank of India	11 1/2%		
Bank of Japan	11 1/2%		
Bank of London	11 1/2%		
Bank of Montreal	11 1/2%		
Bank of New York	11 1/2%		
Bank of Paris	11 1/2%		
Bank of Rome	11 1/2%		
Bank of Spain	11 1/2%		
Bank of Sweden	11 1/2%		
Bank of Switzerland	11 1/2%		
Bank of Tokyo	11 1/2%		
Bank of Union	11 1/2%		
Bank of Victoria	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Australia	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Canada	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western India	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western New York	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western North Carolina	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western North Dakota	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Oklahoma	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western South Carolina	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western South Dakota	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Tennessee	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Texas	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Virginia	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Wisconsin	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Wyoming	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Yukon	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Zaire	11 1/2%		
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Bank of Western Zaire	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Zimbabwe	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Zambia	11 1/2%		
Bank of Western Zanzibar	11 1/2%		

Bank of Cyprus	11½%	Industrial Bank of Scotland	10 3/8%
Bank of N.S.W.	11½%	Investment Bank of London	11½%
Bank of New Zealand	11½%	Kanawley & Co. Ltd.	13%
Bank of North Africa	11½%	Lloyds Bank	11½%
Barclays Bank	12%	London Assurance	11½%
Bank of China	11½%	Edward Manton & Co.	11½%
Bank of India	11½%	Midland Bank	11½%
Bank of Japan	12½%	Samuel Manners	11½%
Bank of Malaya	11½%	Morgan & Co.	11½%
Bank of Mexico	11½%	National Westminster	11½%
Canada Perm. Tr. Trust	11½%	Norwich General Trust	11½%
Ceylon Ld.	11½%	Parsons & Co.	11½%
Chartered Bank	11½%	Reassurances Accepts	11½%
Charringtons Japan	11½%	Royal Bank Canada Trust	11½%
Colonial Bank	11½%	Shanghai Bank	11½%
Comptoir d'Escompte	11½%	S. S. Schwab	12½%
Consolidated Credit	11½%	Security Trust Co. Ltd.	12½%
Co-operative Bank	11½%	Shenkin & Co.	11½%
Credit Commercial	11½%	Standard Chartered	11½%
Credit Lyonnais	11½%	State Dev. Bank	11½%
The Cyprian Popular Bank	11½%	Trustee Bank	11½%
Dutch Bank	11½%	Twentieth Century Bank	11½%
East India	11½%	United Bank of India	11½%
English Transatlantic	11 7/8%	Waterside Building	11½%
First Nat. Fin. Corporation	11 7/8%	Williams & Glyn's	11½%
First Nat. Ind. Ltd.	11 7/8%	Yorkshire Bank	11½%

<p> <b>7-day deposits 9%, 1-month deposits 9 1/2%,</b>  <b>30-day deposits on same of £10,000 and under 3 1/2%, up to £25,000 4 1/2% and over £25,000 5 1/2%.</b>  <b>Call deposits over £1,000 3 1/2%.</b>  <b>Demand deposits 9%.</b> </p>	<p> <b>سوق تباين العملات</b> </p>
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NEW YORK FOREIGN EXCHANGES		بيرويك	
November 13	Range	NEW YORK EXCHANGES OFFERING	
		Offering Prices	
Australia	1.9650-1.9640	STG.	1.9680-1.9660
Canada	1.9515-1.9515	RFF CON	29.27-29.29
France	2.8800-2.8800	CAN	85.33-85.34
Germany	3.8110-3.8090	FRF	4.1120-4.1121
Italy	164.50-164.50	LIT	633.00-633.40
Japan	3.8110-3.8100	BFL	2.8300-2.8300
Netherlands	3.1100-3.1100	PTL	1.2420-1.2420
Switzerland	3.7150-3.7250	DMK	1.8250-1.8270
U.K.	6.5300-6.5400	YEN	180.10-180.10
U.S.A.	9.9250-9.9750	ASE	13.75-13.75
Spain	10.2600-10.2700	YEN	173.43-78
Sweden	271.15-27.25	YEN	3.1975-3.2000
U.S.A.	90.40-90.50	DKR	4.8600-4.8600
U.S.A.	129.15-129.15	POR	45.50-46.80
U.S.A.	370.40-371.00		

<b>DOLLAR CROSS RATES</b>		SEK .....	43.98-43.99
.....	2.0427	BFK FIN .....	30.22-30.28
.....	20.630	SPAIN .....	70.88-70.91
.....	1.8934	MEXICO .....	22.78-22.80
.....	4.7749		
.....	4.3170		
.....	812.949		

Seg. one month 45-40 disc, two months 95-85 disc,  
 three months 130-120 disc, six months 340-330  
 disc, twelve months 440-430 disc.  
 Car. one month 1-1, two months 10-10

Yen	108.69	prem. three months 20-23 prem, six months 47-51
Franc	1.857	prem, twelve months 10-15 prem.

ESTRATES

أسعار فوائد العملات الأجنبية

Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Austrian Dollar	Japanese Yen
7-8 1/2	par	7-7 1/2	8-12	11-12	10-10 1/2	1-1 1/2
7-8 1/4	116 1/2-116	13-1 1/2	7-7 1/2	11-12	10-10 1/2	-2 1/2-11/16
7-8 1/4	116 1/2-116	27 1/2-27 1/2	7-7 1/2	13-13	10-10 1/2	1-1 1/2
7-8 1/4	516-716	3-3 1/2	6-9 1/4	14-15	11 1/16-11 1/16	1-1 1/2
7-8 1/4	7116-9116	33-39 1/16	6-10 1/4	15-16	11 1/16-11 1/16	3 1/16-3 1/16
7-8 1/4	5-5 1/2	33-33 1/16	10-10 1/2	15-16 1/2	11 1/16-11 1/16	3 1/16-3 1/16

percentages of deposits: One month 10.30-10.40 per cent; three months 11.50-11.60 per cent; six months 11.60-11.75 per cent; one year 11.65-11.75 per cent.

Interest rates 10-10 1/2 per cent; four years 10-10 1/2 per cent; five years 10 1/16-10 3/16 per cent annual interest and Canadian dollars; two days' notice for guilders and Swiss francs. Asian rates are closing rates in Singapore.

## COMMODITY PRICES

1941

BASIC MATERIALS

November 12 Landed Prices

POCOA

	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
5 per lb net		
December	2038	2034
January	2077	2064
February	2115	2113
March	2115	2113
April	2115	2110
May	2057	2055
June	2055	2010

ROBUSTA COFFEE

	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
5 per lb net		
December	1539	1545
January	1605	1601
February	1580	1565
March	1577	1515
April	1535	1505
May	1535	1505
June	1535	1505
July-September	1535	1505

ARABICA COFFEE

	Today's Closing	Previous Closing
5 per 50 lbs net		
December	1760	1760
January	1760	1760
February	1760	1760
March	1760	1760
April	1760	1760
May	1760	1760
June	1760	1760
July-September	1760	1760
October-December	1760	1760

RUBBER

December	
January	
February	
July-September	
Oct.-December	
January-March	
April-June	
July-September	

SOYABEAN

December	
February	
April	
June	
August	
October	
December	

RUGG SUGAR

Swiss Condensed Cans	
December	
March	
July	
October	
December	
March	
June	
September	

## اسعار المواد والمعادن الرئيسية

Previous Closing Price per kilo	<b>WOOL</b> Australian Greasy Wool	Today's Closing Price per kilo	Previous Closing Price per kilo	<b>COPPER</b>	Today's Closing Price per tonne	Previous Closing Price per tonne
61.80	May .....	227.0	226.0	Wirebars	735.50	726.00
62.80	July .....	230.0	233.0	Three months .....	757.50	758.00
63.95	October .....	235.0	239.0	Settlement .....	756.00	
66.80	December .....	238.0	241.0	Cathodes	725.50	724.00
69.85	March .....	245.0	248.0	Cash .....	725.50	724.00
71.25	May .....	245.0	248.0	Three months .....	756.00	756.00
73.45	July .....	246.0	249.0	Settlement .....	724.00	
76.75	October .....	247.8	250.8			
78.00						

Today's Closing Price per tonne	<b>GRAINS</b> Wheat Victory's Voyager's Closing Price per long ton	Barley Victory's Voyager's Closing Price per long ton	<b>TIN</b>	Today's Closing Price per tonne	Previous Closing Price per tonne
121.20	November .....	86.15	Standard	7685	7690
121.20	January .....	82.35	Cash .....	7570	7580
124.20	March .....	93.00	Settlement .....	7690	
124.20	May .....	95.60	High Grade		
124.00	September .....	89.70	Cash .....	7685	7690
123.50			Three months .....	7580	7590
121.50			Settlement .....	7690	

*Continued*

**BASIC MINERALS**

Previous Closing Price per long ton	<b>SILVER</b> (Official Close) Today's Closing Price per troy ounce	Previous Closing Price per troy ounce	<b>LEAD</b>	Today's Closing Price per tonne	Previous Closing Price per tonne
108.25	Cash .....	296.90	Cash .....	397.50	398.00
111.50	Three months .....	298.90	Three months .....	393.50	394.00
113.00	Settlement .....	296.90	Settlement .....	398.00	
116.75					

Previous Closing Price per tonne	<b>ALUMINIUM</b> Today's Closing Price per tonne	Previous Closing Price per tonne	<b>ZINC</b>	Today's Closing Price per tonne	Previous Closing Price per tonne
319.00	Cash .....	—	Cash .....	358.00	351.00
321.50	Three months .....	—	Three months .....	363.00	364.00
325.00	Settlement .....	663.00	Settlement .....	357.00	

اسعار الذهب والفضة  
London Bullion Market

**LONDON GOLD**

November 13

10 p.m. fix .....	\$209.10
Morning fix .....	\$209.10

**مؤشر داو جونز الكويتي**

**DOW JONES**  
**CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES**

November 10

Industrials .....	887.09	UP 3.12	or 0.34%
Transport .....	213.62	UP 2.72	or 1.29%
Utilities .....	96.24	UP 0.24	or 0.24%
Stocks .....	275.00	UP 1.64	or 0.60%

**DOW JONES**  
**11.00 a.m. STOCK AVERAGES**

November 12

Industrials .....	882.58	DN 4.51	or 0.50%
Transport .....	212.50	DN 1.12	or 0.52%
Utilities .....	97.67	DN 0.57	or 0.58%
Stocks .....	274.68	DN 1.52	or 0.55%

Italcementi .....	20400	20680
Marelli Ercole .....	224	222
Magneti Marelli .....	482	481,25
Mediocredito .....	40950	40150
Miralanza .....	18980	19210
Mondadori .....	1075	1075

Monsieur	.....	187 5/8	181 25/8
Olivier Orsi	.....	1879	1075
Perron	.....	1278	1272
Pierrel	.....	528	574
Rodriguez & Co.	.....	1673	(188)
Saint	.....	841	836
Stammarie	.....	55 75	56 00
Sila	.....	675 20	665
Vincent Vassini	.....	508	817
Zuccato	.....	1765	1755

NOTES: Overseas prices shown exclude premiums. Belgian dividends are after deduction of 10 per cent.

D.M.50 deposit, unless otherwise stated, Ptas. 5400 deposit, unless otherwise stated. £100 deposit, unless otherwise stated. Fr.s 250 deposit, unless otherwise stated. Yen 50 deposit, unless otherwise stated.

= Ex. alt., ex = Export incl., ex = Ex-dividend.  
= Ex rights, UNO = Unquoted.  
USP = Suspended.

### FIRE-CURRENCY & INTEREST

Nov. 9,	Sterling	Candian Dollar	U.S. Dollar
short term .....	10 1/8%	9 1/4-10	10 1/4%
days' notice .....	13 1/2%	10 1/4-11	10 1/4%
months .....	12 1/2-13%	10 1/4-11 1/2%	9 7/8-10%
three months .....	13 1/2-14%	10 1/4-11 1/2%	10 1/4-10 15/16%
six months .....	14 1/4-15%	11 1/2-12 1/2%	10 1/4-10 1/2%
one year .....	15 1/4-16%	11 1/2-12 1/2%	10 1/4-10 1/2%

The following nominal rates were quoted for London calls:

long-term Eurodollar deposits: two years 18 1/4% to 19% per annum	11
short-term rates are call for sterling, U.S. dollar	

.....	2,3012-2,3025
.....	8.4800-8.4900
.....	58.18-58.28
.....	1040.50-1047.50
.....	4.0100-4.0200
.....	3.2100-3.2200

Primary	3,179.8-3,725.0
1st	6,520.4-6,518.0
2nd	9,862.0-9,720.0
3rd	10,364.0-10,270.0
4th	27,115-27,100
5th	90,400-90,200
6th	139,125-139,100
7th	372,663-371,800

LAR CROSS RATES			
1st	2,842.7		
2nd	26,840		
3rd	1,893.6		
4th	4,739.9		
5th	4,317.0		
6th	837,568		
7th	182,690		
8th	1,152.7		

EXCHANGE RATES			
	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc
1st	par=1	%	7-7 1/2
2nd	1/16-3/16	1/16-1/8	7-7 1/2
3rd	1/16-3/16	2/16-2/8	8-9
4th	5/16-7/16	3/8-3/4	9-11
5th	7/16-9/16	2/3-3/16	10-11 1/2

1st 10% deposits: One month 10.30-10.40 per cent; 3 months 10.50-10.60 per cent; 6 months 11.00-11.10 per cent; 9 months 11.55-11.75 per cent.  
2nd 10% deposits: One month 10.40-10.50 per cent; 3 months 10.60-10.70 per cent; 6 months 11.10-11.20 per cent; 9 months 11.65-11.85 per cent.  
3rd 10% deposits: One month 10.50-10.60 per cent; 3 months 10.70-10.80 per cent; 6 months 11.20-11.30 per cent; 9 months 11.75-11.95 per cent.  
4th 10% deposits: One month 10.60-10.70 per cent; 3 months 10.80-10.90 per cent; 6 months 11.30-11.40 per cent; 9 months 11.85-12.05 per cent.  
5th 10% deposits: One month 10.70-10.80 per cent; 3 months 10.90-11.00 per cent; 6 months 11.40-11.50 per cent; 9 months 12.00-12.20 per cent.  
6th 10% deposits: One month 10.80-10.90 per cent; 3 months 11.00-11.10 per cent; 6 months 11.50-11.60 per cent; 9 months 12.10-12.30 per cent.  
7th 10% deposits: One month 10.90-11.00 per cent; 3 months 11.10-11.20 per cent; 6 months 11.60-11.70 per cent; 9 months 12.20-12.40 per cent.  
8th 10% deposits: One month 11.00-11.10 per cent; 3 months 11.20-11.30 per cent; 6 months 11.70-11.80 per cent; 9 months 12.30-12.50 per cent.  
9th 10% deposits: One month 11.10-11.20 per cent; 3 months 11.30-11.40 per cent; 6 months 11.80-11.90 per cent; 9 months 12.40-12.60 per cent.  
10th 10% deposits: One month 11.20-11.30 per cent; 3 months 11.40-11.50 per cent; 6 months 11.90-12.00 per cent; 9 months 12.50-12.70 per cent.  
11th 10% deposits: One month 11.30-11.40 per cent; 3 months 11.50-11.60 per cent; 6 months 12.00-12.10 per cent; 9 months 12.60-12.80 per cent.  
12th 10% deposits: One month 11.40-11.50 per cent; 3 months 11.60-11.70 per cent; 6 months 12.10-12.20 per cent; 9 months 12.70-12.90 per cent.  
13th 10% deposits: One month 11.50-11.60 per cent; 3 months 11.70-11.80 per cent; 6 months 12.20-12.30 per cent; 9 months 12.80-13.00 per cent.  
14th 10% deposits: One month 11.60-11.70 per cent; 3 months 11.80-11.90 per cent; 6 months 12.30-12.40 per cent; 9 months 12.90-13.10 per cent.  
15th 10% deposits: One month 11.70-11.80 per cent; 3 months 11.90-12.00 per cent; 6 months 12.40-12.50 per cent; 9 months 13.00-13.20 per cent.  
16th 10% deposits: One month 11.80-11.90 per cent; 3 months 12.00-12.10 per cent; 6 months 12.50-12.60 per cent; 9 months 13.10-13.30 per cent.  
17th 10% deposits: One month 11.90-12.00 per cent; 3 months 12.10-12.20 per cent; 6 months 12.60-12.70 per cent; 9 months 13.20-13.40 per cent.  
18th 10% deposits: One month 12.00-12.10 per cent; 3 months 12.20-12.30 per cent; 6 months 12.70-12.80 per cent; 9 months 13.30-13.50 per cent.  
19th 10% deposits: One month 12.10-12.20 per cent; 3 months 12.30-12.40 per cent; 6 months 12.80-12.90 per cent; 9 months 13.40-13.60 per cent.  
20th 10% deposits: One month 12.20-12.30 per cent; 3 months 12.40-12.50 per cent; 6 months 12.90-13.00 per cent; 9 months 13.50-13.70 per cent.  
21st 10% deposits: One month 12.30-12.40 per cent; 3 months 12.50-12.60 per cent; 6 months 13.00-13.10 per cent; 9 months 13.60-13.80 per cent.  
22nd 10% deposits: One month 12.40-12.50 per cent; 3 months 12.60-12.70 per cent; 6 months 13.10-13.20 per cent; 9 months 13.70-13.90 per cent.  
23rd 10% deposits: One month 12.50-12.60 per cent; 3 months 12.70-12.80 per cent; 6 months 13.20-13.30 per cent; 9 months 13.80-14.00 per cent.  
24th 10% deposits: One month 12.60-12.70 per cent; 3 months 12.80-12.90 per cent; 6 months 13.30-13.40 per cent; 9 months 13.90-14.10 per cent.  
25th 10% deposits: One month 12.70-12.80 per cent; 3 months 12.90-13.00 per cent; 6 months 13.40-13.50 per cent; 9 months 14.00-14.20 per cent.  
26th 10% deposits: One month 12.80-12.90 per cent; 3 months 13.00-13.10 per cent; 6 months 13.50-13.60 per cent; 9 months 14.10-14.30 per cent.  
27th 10% deposits: One month 12.90-13.00 per cent; 3 months 13.10-13.20 per cent; 6 months 13.60-13.70 per cent; 9 months 14.20-14.40 per cent.  
28th 10% deposits: One month 13.00-13.10 per cent; 3 months 13.20-13.30 per cent; 6 months 13.70-13.80 per cent; 9 months 14.30-14.50 per cent.  
29th 10% deposits: One month 13.10-13.20 per cent; 3 months 13.30-13.40 per cent; 6 months 13.80-13.90 per cent; 9 months 14.40-14.60 per cent.  
30th 10% deposits: One month 13.20-13.30 per cent; 3 months 13.40-13.50 per cent; 6 months 13.90-14.00 per cent; 9 months 14.50-14.70 per cent.  
31st 10% deposits: One month 13.30-13.40 per cent; 3 months 13.50-13.60 per cent; 6 months 14.00-14.10 per cent; 9 months 14.60-14.80 per cent.  
32nd 10% deposits: One month 13.40-13.50 per cent; 3 months 13.60-13.70 per cent; 6 months 14.10-14.20 per cent; 9 months 14.70-14.90 per cent.  
33rd 10% deposits: One month 13.50-13.60 per cent; 3 months 13.70-13.80 per cent; 6 months 14.20-14.30 per cent; 9 months 14.80-15.00 per cent.  
34th 10% deposits: One month 13.60-13.70 per cent; 3 months 13.80-13.90 per cent; 6 months 14.30-14.40 per cent; 9 months 14.90-15.10 per cent.  
35th 10% deposits: One month 13.70-13.80 per cent; 3 months 13.90-14.00 per cent; 6 months 14.40-14.50 per cent; 9 months 15.00-15.20 per cent.  
36th 10% deposits: One month 13.80-13.90 per cent; 3 months 14.00-14.10 per cent; 6 months 14.50-14.60 per cent; 9 months 15.10-15.30 per cent.  
37th 10% deposits: One month 13.90-14.00 per cent; 3 months 14.10-14.20 per cent; 6 months 14.60-14.70 per cent; 9 months 15.20-15.40 per cent.  
38th 10% deposits: One month 14.00-14.10 per cent; 3 months 14.20-14.30 per cent; 6 months 14.70-14.80 per cent; 9 months 15.30-15.50 per cent.  
39th 10% deposits: One month 14.10-14.20 per cent; 3 months 14.30-14.40 per cent; 6 months 14.80-14.90 per cent; 9 months 15.40-15.60 per cent.  
40th 10% deposits: One month 14.20-14.30 per cent; 3 months 14.40-14.50 per cent; 6 months 14.90-15.00 per cent; 9 months 15.50-15.70 per cent.  
41st 10% deposits: One month 14.30-14.40 per cent; 3 months 14.50-14.60 per cent; 6 months 15.00-15.10 per cent; 9 months 15.60-15.80 per cent.  
42nd 10% deposits: One month 14.40-14.50 per cent; 3 months 14.60-14.70 per cent; 6 months 15.10-15.20 per cent; 9 months 15.70-15.90 per cent.  
43rd 10% deposits: One month 14.50-14.60 per cent; 3 months 14.70-14.80 per cent; 6 months 15.20-15.30 per cent; 9 months 15.80-16.00 per cent.  
44th 10% deposits: One month 14.60-14.70 per cent; 3 months 14.80-14.90 per cent; 6 months 15.30-15.40 per cent; 9 months 15.90-16.10 per cent.  
45th 10% deposits: One month 14.70-14.80 per cent; 3 months 14.90-15.00 per cent; 6 months 15.40-15.50 per cent; 9 months 16.00-16.20 per cent.  
46th 10% deposits: One month 14.80-14.90 per cent; 3 months 15.00-15.10 per cent; 6 months 15.50-15.60 per cent; 9 months 16.10-16.30 per cent.  
47th 10% deposits: One month 14.90-15.00 per cent; 3 months 15.10-15.20 per cent; 6 months 15.60-15.70 per cent; 9 months 16.20-16.40 per cent.  
48th 10% deposits: One month 15.00-15.10 per cent; 3 months 15.20-15.30 per cent; 6 months 15.70-15.80 per cent; 9 months 16.30-16.50 per cent.  
49th 10% deposits: One month 15.10-15.20 per cent; 3 months 15.30-15.40 per cent; 6 months 15.80-15.90 per cent; 9 months 16.40-16.60 per cent.  
50th 10% deposits: One month 15.20-15.30 per cent; 3 months 15.40-15.50 per cent; 6 months 15.90-16.00 per cent; 9 months 16.50-16.70 per cent.  
51st 10% deposits: One month 15.30-15.40 per cent; 3 months 15.50-15.60 per cent; 6 months 16.00-16.10 per cent; 9 months 16.60-16.80 per cent.  
52nd 10% deposits: One month 15.40-15.50 per cent; 3 months 15.60-15.70 per cent; 6 months 16.10-16.20 per cent; 9 months 16.70-16.90 per cent.  
53rd 10% deposits: One month 15.50-15.60 per cent; 3 months 15.70-15.80 per cent; 6 months 16.20-16.30 per cent; 9 months 16.80-17.00 per cent.  
54th 10% deposits: One month 15.60-15.70 per cent; 3 months 15.80-15.90 per cent; 6 months 16.30-16.40 per cent; 9 months 16.90-17.10 per cent.  
55th 10% deposits: One month 15.70-15.80 per cent; 3 months 15.90-16.00 per cent; 6 months 16.40-16.50 per cent; 9 months 17.00-17.20 per cent.  
56th 10% deposits: One month 15.80-15.90 per cent; 3 months 16.00-16.10 per cent; 6 months 16.50-16.60 per cent; 9 months 17.10-17.30 per cent.  
57th 10% deposits: One month 15.90-16.00 per cent; 3 months 16.10-16.20 per cent; 6 months 16.60-16.70 per cent; 9 months 17.20-17.40 per cent.  
58th 10% deposits: One month 16.00-16.10 per cent; 3 months 16.20-16.30 per cent; 6 months 16.70-16.80 per cent; 9 months 17.30-17.50 per cent.  
59th 10% deposits: One month 16.10-16.20 per cent; 3 months 16.30-16.40 per cent; 6 months 16.80-16.90 per cent; 9 months 17.40-17.60 per cent.  
60th 10% deposits: One month 16.20-16.30 per cent; 3 months 16.40-16.50 per cent; 6 months 16.90-17.00 per cent; 9 months 17.50-17.70 per cent.  
61st 10% deposits: One month 16.30-16.40 per cent; 3 months 16.50-16.60 per cent; 6 months 17.00-17.10 per cent; 9 months 17.60-17.80 per cent.  
62nd 10% deposits: One month 16.40-16.50 per cent; 3 months 16.60-16.70 per cent; 6 months 17.10-17.20 per cent; 9 months 17.70-17.90 per cent.  
63rd 10% deposits: One month 16.50-16.60 per cent; 3 months 16.70-16.80 per cent; 6 months 17.20-17.30 per cent; 9 months 17.80-18.00 per cent.  
64th 10% deposits: One month 16.60-16.70 per cent; 3 months 16.80-16.90 per cent; 6 months 17.30-17.40 per cent; 9 months 17.90-18.10 per cent.  
65th 10% deposits: One month 16.70-16.80 per cent; 3 months 16.90-17.00 per cent; 6 months 17.40-17.50 per cent; 9 months 18.00-18.20 per cent.  
66th 10% deposits: One month 16.80-16.90 per cent; 3 months 17.00-17.10 per cent; 6 months 17.50-17.60 per cent; 9 months 18.10-18.30 per cent.  
67th 10% deposits: One month 16.90-17.00 per cent; 3 months 17.10-17.20 per cent; 6 months 17.60-17.70 per cent; 9 months 18.20-18.40 per cent.  
68th 10% deposits: One month 17.00-17.10 per cent; 3 months 17.20-17.30 per cent; 6 months 17.70-17.80 per cent; 9 months 18.30-18.50 per cent.  
69th 10% deposits: One month 17.10-17.20 per cent; 3 months 17.30-17.40 per cent; 6 months 17.80-17.90 per cent; 9 months 18.40-18.60 per cent.  
70th 10% deposits: One month 17.20-17.30 per cent; 3 months 17.40-17.50 per cent; 6 months 17.90-18.00 per cent; 9 months 18.50-18.70 per cent.  
71st 10% deposits: One month 17.30-17.40 per cent; 3 months 17.50-17.60 per cent; 6 months 18.00-18.10 per cent; 9 months 18.60-18.80 per cent.  
72nd 10% deposits: One month 17.40-17.50 per cent; 3 months 17.60-17.70 per cent; 6 months 18.10-18.20 per cent; 9 months 18.70-18.90 per cent.  
73rd 10% deposits: One month 17.50-17.60 per cent; 3 months 17.70-17.80 per cent; 6 months 18.20-18.30 per cent; 9 months 18.80-19.00 per cent.  
74th 10% deposits: One month 17.60-17.70 per cent; 3 months 17.80-17.90 per cent; 6 months 18.30-18.40 per cent; 9 months 18.90-19.10 per cent.  
75th 10% deposits: One month 17.70-17.80 per cent; 3 months 17.90-18.00 per cent; 6 months 18.40-18.50 per cent; 9 months 19.00-19.20 per cent.  
76th 10% deposits: One month 17.80-17.90 per cent; 3 months 18.00-18.10 per cent; 6 months 18.50-18.60 per cent; 9 months 19.10-19.30 per cent.  
77th 10% deposits: One month 17.90-18.00 per cent; 3 months 18.10-18.20 per cent; 6 months 18.60-18.70 per cent; 9 months 19.20-19.40 per cent.  
78th 10% deposits: One month 18.00-18.10 per cent; 3 months 18.20-18.30 per cent; 6 months 18.70-18.80 per cent; 9 months 19.30-19.50 per cent.  
79th 10% deposits: One month 18.10-18.20 per cent; 3 months 18.30-18.40 per cent; 6 months 18.80-18.90 per cent; 9 months 19.40-19.60 per cent.  
80th 10% deposits: One month 18.20-18.30 per cent; 3 months 18.40-18.50 per cent; 6 months 18.90-19.00 per cent; 9 months 19.50-19.70 per cent.  
81st 10% deposits: One month 18.30-18.40 per cent; 3 months 18.50-18.60 per cent; 6 months 19.00-19.10 per cent; 9 months 19.60-19.80 per cent.  
82nd 10% deposits: One month 18.40-18.50 per cent; 3 months 18.60-18.70 per cent; 6 months 19.10-19.20 per cent; 9 months 19.70-19.90 per cent.  
83rd 10% deposits: One month 18.50-18.60 per cent; 3 months 18.70-18.80 per cent; 6 months 19.20-19.30 per cent; 9 months 19.80-20.00 per cent.  
84th 10% deposits: One month 18.60-18.70 per cent; 3 months 18.80-18.90 per cent; 6 months 19.30-19.40 per cent; 9 months 19.90-20.10 per cent.  
85th 10% deposits: One month 18.70-18.80 per cent; 3 months 18.90-19.00 per cent; 6 months 19.40-19.50 per cent; 9 months 20.00-20.20 per cent.  
86th 10% deposits: One month 18.80-18.90 per cent; 3 months 19.00-19.10 per cent; 6 months 19.50-19.60 per cent; 9 months 20.10-20.30 per cent.  
87th 10% deposits: One month 18.90-19.00 per cent; 3 months 19.10-19.20 per cent; 6 months 19.60-19.70 per cent; 9 months 20.20-20.40 per cent.  
88th 10% deposits: One month 19.00-19.10 per cent; 3 months 19.20-19.30 per cent; 6 months 19.70-19.80 per cent; 9 months 20.30-20.50 per cent.  
89th 10% deposits: One month 19.10-19.20 per cent; 3 months 19.30-19.40 per cent; 6 months 19.80-19.90 per cent; 9 months 20.40-20.60 per cent.  
90th 10% deposits: One month 19.20-19.30 per cent; 3 months 19.40-19.50 per cent; 6 months 19.90-20.00 per cent; 9 months 20.50-20.70 per cent.  
91st 10% deposits: One month 19.30-19.40 per cent; 3 months 19.50-19.60 per cent; 6 months 20.00-20.10 per cent; 9 months 20.60-20.80 per cent.  
92nd 10% deposits: One month 19.40-19.50 per cent; 3 months 19.60-19.70 per cent; 6 months 20.10-20.20 per cent; 9 months 20.70-20.90 per cent.  
93rd 10% deposits: One month 19.50-19.60 per cent; 3 months 19.70-19.80 per cent; 6 months 20.20-20.30 per cent; 9 months 20.80-21.00 per cent.  
94th 10% deposits: One month 19.60-19.70 per cent; 3 months 19.80-19.90 per cent; 6 months 20.30-20.40 per cent; 9 months 20.90-21.10 per cent.  
95th 10% deposits: One month 19.70-19.80 per cent; 3 months 19.90-20.00 per cent; 6 months 20.40-20.50 per cent; 9 months 21.00-21.20 per cent.  
96th 10% deposits: One month 19.80-19.90 per cent; 3 months 20.00-20.10 per cent; 6 months 20.50-20.60 per cent; 9 months 21.10-21.30 per cent.  
97th 10% deposits: One month 19.90-20.00 per cent; 3 months 20.10-20.20 per cent; 6 months 20.60-20.70 per cent; 9 months 21.20-21.40 per cent.  
98th 10% deposits: One month 20.00-20.10 per cent; 3 months 20.20-20.30 per cent; 6 months 20.70-20.80 per cent; 9 months 21.30-21.50 per cent.  
99th 10% deposits: One month 20.10-20.20 per cent; 3 months 20.30-20.40 per cent; 6 months 20.80-20.90 per cent; 9 months 21.40-21.60 per cent.  
100th 10% deposits: One month 20.20-20.30 per cent; 3 months 20.40-20.50 per cent; 6 months 20.90-21.00 per cent; 9 months 21.50-21.70 per cent.

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## Late News

PAGE 12

### France offers sanctuary

## Malaysia orders refugee ship out to sea

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov. 15 (R) — The Malaysian government Wednesday night rejected international pressure and ordered the tiny coastal freighter Hai Hong and its 2,500 Vietnamese passengers out of its territorial waters.

The Home Ministry said it would carry out repairs to the Hai Hong's disabled engine and provide food medicine and water for the ship and passengers to continue their voyage in search of a new home.

France Wednesday offered to admit the refugees. Deputy Foreign Minister Olivier Stur told the National Assembly: "France is ready to receive those refugees who are on the Hai Hong and who want to come to our country."

A ministry statement said Malaysia could not regard people on board the Hai Hong as refugees and would not allow them to land.

Malaysia believes the passengers are not genuine refugees but fee-paying emigrants.

The circumstances of their arrival on board the ship clearly indicate that their transshipment was planned," the statement said.

"In the circumstances the Malaysian government has decided that the ship Hai Hong must leave Malaysian waters with all the people on board. The Malaysian government will take all steps to get the ship out of its territorial waters."

Conditions on board the ship

are "really bad" and the 2,500 people have hardly enough room to sleep, a U.S. newsman said Wednesday.

American Broadcasting Company's Bill Redeker, who had about 15 minutes on board before police chased him away Monday, said the refugees told him they wanted freedom and preferred to die rather than go back to Vietnam.

Redecker, who is based in Tokyo, said his crew filmed an interview with Lu Ah Muoi, 38, who told them, "Please help us. We are suffering. I have a very old mother who is sick and my child is also sick."

"We just want to come ashore because the condition on the ship is so very bad. We have no medicine and we are running out of food."

Her mother is 67-year-old Dang Thu Tran.

One man told them it did not matter whether they were genuine refugees or they had paid their way out as reported.

"We want freedom," he said and when asked whether he would prefer to go back to Vietnam than remain on the boat, he replied, "we would prefer to die."

"In one hold there were so many people that it was difficult for them to come out or go in," the correspondent said.

The refugees said they had not been organized, but came from different boats to board the ship.

Reports had said they had paid \$5 million to a Hong Kong syndicate to be taken out of Vietnam.

Redecker said most of the refugees were Chinese and some spoke English.

### Kuwaiti aide here on visit

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 — The Kuwaiti Undersecretary of State for the Interior, Abdul Latif Faisal Al-Thurwaini arrived here Wednesday on a five-day visit. He was received by Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Jamraz, assistant deputy minister at the Ministry of the Interior.

### Turkish, Saudi firms to build Medina complex

JEDDAH, Nov. 15 (SPA) — A Saudi contracting firm in joint venture with the Turkish company-Bimhol has been awarded a contract to build 436 apartments in Medina at a cost of SR 436 million.

The project will take up of 130,000 square meters and will include offices, clinics and a shopping arcade. It is expected to be ready in 37 months, according to Hussein Khashoggi, secretary of the office of Pilgrimage and Endowment Minister Sheikh Abdul Wahhab Abdul Wasi.

A miniature of the project was inspected by Crown Prince Fahd who said that priority for accommodation should be given to the poor. He told Sheikh Abdul Wahhab that no effort should be spared to develop the Prophet's city.

### Dr. Margaret Mead, 77

## Mother of modern anthropology dies

NEW YORK, Nov. 15 (AP) — Dr. Margaret Mead, famed American anthropologist, died Wednesday at New York Hospital. She was 77.

She began treatment of cancer Oct. 2.

In her books and lectures, Miss Mead spoke to a public much wider than the scientific community. She moved to the forefront of her profession by publishing in 1928, at age 26, what was become one of the most widely read pieces of scholarship ever penned, "Coming of Age in Samoa."

The study of adolescence and passage to maturity was based

on a field trip to the island she undertook three years earlier.

It remained a steady seller, some years topping 100,000 in paperback reprints.

In the half century that followed, she continued her research and used the knowledge to anticipate and illuminate cultural eruptions of modern Western society.

As scientist, author, teacher and lecturer she was one of the few establishment figures of recent decades to hold the ear of the young.

She was not, however, universally idolized by their elders.

"This dirty old lady" was what Gov. Claude Kirk of Florida called her.

While she stressed the importance of family, Miss Mead also believed that "marriage is a terminable institution" and she herself was married and divorced three times.

The last union produced her only child, Margaret Catherine, in 1939.

She lectured extensively at fees ranging from nothing to \$10,000, depending on the audience and cause.

Short and round of figure, she took command of her listeners with a mellow voice and easy delivery. She recalled her father's rule, "Never speak from behind a podium. Too much between you and the audience."

Her personal hallmark in later years was a shoulder-high walking staff, what the English call a thumb stick.

Born in Philadelphia, where her father was a professor at the Wharton School, Miss Mead was brought up in a

## Japan firm negotiates copter deal

TOKYO, Nov. 15 (R) — A Japanese aircraft manufacturer said Wednesday it was negotiating to sell seven large helicopters to Saudi Arabia for rescue and fire-fighting purposes.

Kawasaki Navy Industries Limited said it planned to send its representatives to the Kingdom soon to continue talks on the sale of the seven K-V-107-2A helicopters so that the deal could be concluded by March.

In August, Kawasaki arranged a \$98 million deal to sell six helicopters of the same size for delivery by 1980. The helicopters are being manufactured in Japan under licence from America's Boeing Company.

## From page one

### Sadat

idea what Sadat meant in his reported remark that the return of Gaza to the Arabs was Egypt's minimum condition for peace.

After discussing the matter for three hours, the cabinet broke up and Prime Minister Menachem Begin explained to reporters that Israel had not yet received an official or complete account of the new Egyptian position.

"In view of this fact the cabinet has decided to hold the political debate after it has received all the necessary clarifications concerning the new

additional positions of Egypt," Begin said.

The cabinet session set for Thursday was postponed.

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan meanwhile held a long telephone conversation with Defense Minister Ezer Weizman in Washington for a report on developments there, officials said.

They said the Carter administration appeared concerned that the peace talks might be suspended following what they termed new Egyptian demands which Israel was unlikely to accept.

### Blumenthal

that OPEC has undertaken the study of a system for revising oil prices under which quarterly price increases would be used to reflect world inflation and monetary fluctuations.

"We have been exploring the possibility of implementing a different system in price revision policy in the OPEC conference," Hernandez said in an interview published in this week's edition of the Caracas "Autentico" magazine.

He said the system would help consumers anticipate price rises and plan accordingly.

Over the next four days, Hernandez and other government officials will hold talks with the visiting president of OPEC, Kuwaiti Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al-Sabah.

The OPEC official said on his arrival Tuesday night that he hoped the organization

would agree to a price increase in December, but he declined to say how large an increase his country is seeking.

### Assad

established without us," Assad added.

Assad reiterated his rejection of Sadat's contention that 99 per cent of the Middle East solution rests with Washington.

99.50 per cent of the solution is up to Syria and the Arab Nation he added, and then went on to praise the Soviet Union and the Soviet block for its steady support of the Arab cause.

In his speech Assad also called for the realization of a comprehensive union between Syria and Iraq, describing this desire as "our overall ambition."

Before news came of the new Egyptian ideas, the cabinet had intended a lengthy debate on compromise American proposals brought back from Washington by Dayan.

These concerned the number one problem now blocking negotiations—the question of linkage between the peace treaty and overall settlement of the Palestinian issue.

### Fahd

the Bangladesh pilgrimage delegation.

The prince also received Sheikh Said Al-Harethi, director general of religious affairs at the Omani Ministry of Endowments together with the Omani ambassador to Saudi Arabia.

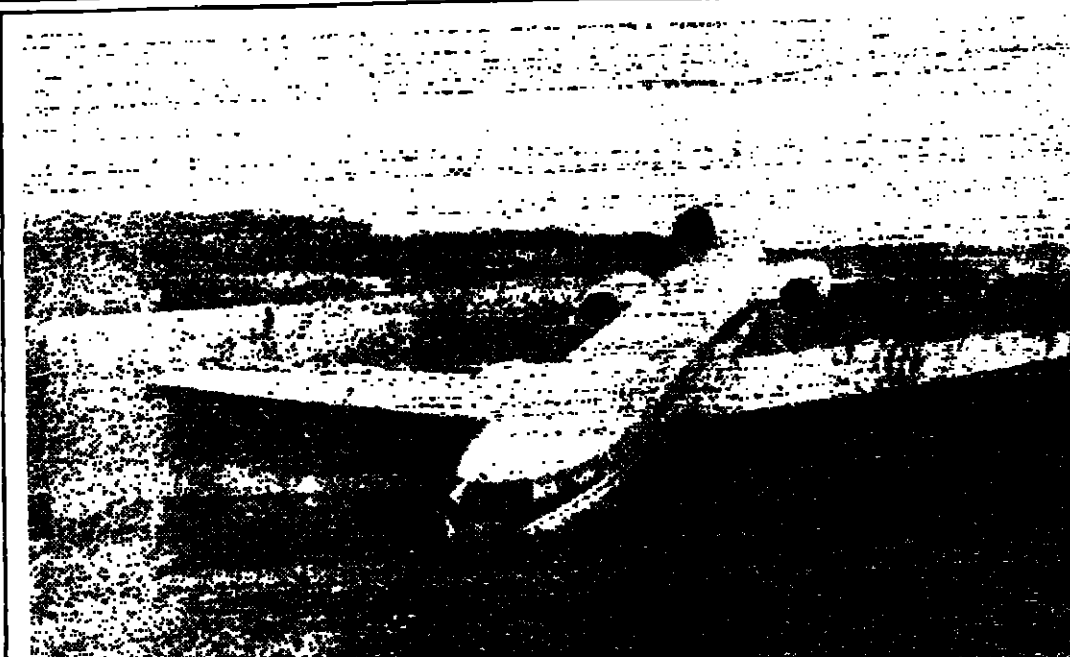
He later received Dr. Soleiman Daud, Malaysia's deputy health minister and head of the country's pilgrimage mission, as well as Lt. Gen. Salahuddin Atiah, head of the Egyptian armed forces pilgrimage mission.

The meetings were attended by Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah.

### Relative

were deployed in various points in the city to quell rioting, were returned to their garisons.

Exiled influential religious leader Ayatullah Khomeini threatened to have his followers in Iran halt oil production if the United States continued its support for the Shah.



THIRD TIME LUCKY: An Aeroflot Tupolev jet lies with its nose in a ditch Tuesday after failing to gain power on the runway at Stockholm Airport. The 64 passengers tried again in a four-engine jet a few hours later. Taxing, the pilot misjudged a turn and veered into a muddy field where it stuck. No one was injured.

### As election crisis simmers

## Rhodesia heads meet in Pretoria

SALISBURY, Nov. 15 (R) — Rhodesia's leaders flew to Pretoria Wednesday to meet the South African prime minister as their administration faced a crisis over possible postponement of majority rule.

At the same time, two key black nationalist parties in the government held secret talks before an important conference Thursday on prospects for meeting the Dec. 31 deadline.

An official said Ian Smith and his three black colleagues in the government — Abel Muzorewa, Ndabaningi Sithole and Chief Jeremiah Chirau — had gone to South Africa but he declined to elaborate why.

In Pretoria, official sources said the Rhodesian leaders had met South African Prime Minister Pieter Botha. The meeting, which was not announced in advance, was described as a

courtesy call but no further details were immediately disclosed.

It was the Rhodesians' encounter with Botha since he succeeded John Vorster as prime minister Sept. 28.

In Salisbury, top executives of Muzorewa's United African National Council and Sithole's Zimbabwe African National Union discussed what might happen if the government failed to bring in majority rule by the target date.

Smith and Chirau have said delay beyond Dec. 31 is unavoidable, but Muzorewa and Sithole have declared that the deadline must be met.

There is a serious possibility of a deep split in the coalition government over the question, and the South Africans are known to want the transition government to succeed. Some political sources in

Salisbury said the courtesy visit on the new prime minister had been arranged some time ago. As in previous Rhodesian-South African summits, the main discussions probably centered on economic and military affairs.

The Rhodesians are known to be worried by the recent upheaval in Iran, its main oil supplier.

## Israel cost of living burgeoned in October

TEL AVIV, Nov. 15 (AP) — Israel's cost of living index jumped by 5.7 per cent during October, the highest monthly rise this year, the central bureau of statistics announced Wednesday.

Since the beginning of the year it has risen 34.8 per cent. Further large rises were expected this month and in December and the annual inflation rate would be about 42

per cent.

The Finance Ministry had estimated an annual rate of 35 per cent.

Treasury officials were surprised at the site of the increase, saying it was not due to government activity.

Israelis went on a buying spree after cost of living increase payments were added to their wages in October.

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Jim Bath, a former U.S. Air Force fighter pilot, heads Jim Bath and Associates, a turbine aircraft consulting firm based in Houston. He also operates an airport there on behalf of a group of Saudi investors, and travels frequently to the Kingdom.

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